THE WEATHER

Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

AD-MONITIONS

Restrict Legitimate advertising and immediately there arises a condition of commercial heart-disease that neither Wall Street, White House nor all the king's horses and men can assuage.

VOL. XCV—NO. 9. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,775.

NO END IN SIGHT AFTER 18 DAYS HARD FIGHTING

German Wings, However, Appear to be Gradually and Slowly Folding Back on Center, Leaving the Sole Loophole for a Backward Movement by Way of Rethel—Center, Where Germans Are Most Strongly Entrenched, Remains Almost Stationary.

ALLIES' FLANKING MOVEMENT BEGINNING TO TELL

Russian Armies Continue to Sweep Through Galacia, Which is Reported to Have Been Cleared of Austrian Troops—For Two Days Germans Have Been Shelling the Outer Forts of Antwerp—Floating Mines Sown by Austrians Sink Italian Boat.

On the Battle Front, via Paris, Sept. 30.—This was the eighteenth day of continued hard fighting along the 150 mile front from the Somme to the Moselle, and yet there is no definite indication that the battle is nearing a finish. There are, however, evidences that the Germans are receding before a forcible and sustained pushing from the allied armies, especially on their western and eastern wings, while the center, where the Germans are more strongly entrenched than at any other point with heavy artillery, remains almost stationary.

It is generally conceded by French military men that some important change soon must be made by the Germans, who have found it impossible to stem the advance of the allies, though they offered the sternest and most desperate resistance, sacrificing thousands of men daily.

The German wings appear to be folding back on the center, leaving the sole loophole for a backward movement by way of Rethel.

The German main supply base at Juniville is protected by heavy masses of troops. As it is absolutely essential that this place shall be held for the revictualling of the German armies in Northeastern France, it appears to be placed in a somewhat precarious situation with its single line of railway.

The line of battle has changed considerably since the beginning of the actual contact between the two great armies, whose numbers and real positions it is not permitted to make public. The front now presents sinuous windings, looping inward and outward at various points on the Aisne, which is adapted wonderfully for defense.

The allies' commanders are protecting their men by keeping them whenever possible from frontal attacks on positions where the Germans are in advantageous situations.

London, Oct. 1.—3:25 A. M.—A Rotterdam despatch to the Daily News says: "Dispatches from the South indicate that preparations for the retreat of the German right have already begun. German troops have been observed coming from the north of France toward Tournai and Mons, prepared to cover the main army in case of retreat."

DESPERATE EFFORTS CONTINUED

By the Allies to Outflank the Germans' Right Wing.

London, Sept. 30.—The 19th day of the battle of the Aisne finds the allied armies pushing with all the strength they can bring to bear in their great effort to outflank the German right wing and force it back from its line of communication through Belgium.

There is evidence that this movement is beginning to tell and that unless something unforseen happens this portion of the German army must fall back to another defensive line.

The French official report says the action continues to develop toward the north, so that the French left must be pushing toward Cambrai, as yesterday it was in the neighborhood of Albert.

Even farther north than this the French cavalry is operating and last week a German force which was sent to Orchies (187 miles southeast of Lille) to punish Franc-Tireurs for an alleged attack on a German hospital at that place, met with superior forces and had to fall back.

The Germans, too, admit that they have been unable to arrest the French advance against their right and also that the allies have advanced on their right front.

The German reports refer to an advance of the allies, while the French communication says a vigorous attack made by the Germans on Tracy Le Gont, northeast of the Forest Aigne, resulted in heavy losses.

In the center, from the Aisne to the Meuse, the armies appear to be awaiting the outcome of the fighting on the wings, as there has been a lull in the battle there.

Between the Argonne and the Meuse there has been severe fighting. The Germans claim to have made gains, especially to the east of St. Mihiel.

Although the French staff is sparing with its information, it is evident that the forces which advanced from Toul to have crossed the Meuse near St. Mihiel have succeded in getting behind the small contingent of invaders who had carried out an attempt to bend the French line at this point. Other offensive movements by the French between Verdun and Toul were repulsed, however, according to the German report.

In Lorraine and in the Vosges, there has been no change in the situation. Here the armies seem to be awaiting the result of the greater contest going on further west where, British military experts believe, the alies at last have set the claws of their left in the German right wing under General Von Kluck.

Russian Armies Sweeping On.

The Russian armies continue to sweep through Galacia and, according to report, that province of the Austrian empire is clear of Austrian troops. What is meant is that the field armies of Austria either have gone into the fortresses of Przemysl and Crasow or retreated to the south and west.

The Russians have come across the country in great parallel lines and, mucking Przemysl, have swept the country clear as far as a line drawn from Doukla, in the south, to the neighborhood or Rzeszow, in the north, while other forces have pushed their way through the passes of the Carpathians into Hungary. They only have to go a little farther to get possession of the railway that runs from Sandec through the countains to Lublau, and thence through the heart of the country to Budapest.

If they accomplish this, they will be able to join hands with the army approaching Cracow. According to Petragrad correspondents, they intend to treat Cracow as they did Przemysl and continue their march into Silesia. In the meantime, they have for a week been fighting the Germans along the river Nieman, between Kovno and Grodno, and thus far have held them in check, while reinforcements have been reaching them.

The battle is described as a furious one, but no details have been allowed to leak out. The German object in sending a strong force in this direction is to attempt to cut the railway line from Warsaw, through Vilna and Grodno, to Petrograd.

Germans Attacking Antwerp.

The Germans are even busier than the Russians, for besides the battles in France and Russia, they have begun an attack on the outer forts of Antwerp. For two days they have been shelling forts Waehlhem and Wavre-St. Catherines, which cover the road from Malines to Antwerp. Behind Woehlhem are the waterworks that supply Antwerp, but even the destruction of these would not be fatal to the fortress as a good supply of water has been provided for from other sources.

Concerning the progress of this attack, official reports give widely different accounts. The Belgians say the German attempts to advance have been repulsed and that their shells have had no effect on the forts. On the other hand, the Germans declare the Belgian sorties have been driven back. It probably will be some days yet before the Germans bring the full force of their artillery to bear and not until then can it be judged whether the forts can stand the fire of modern siege guns.

The Germans have agreed not to damage or destroy historical monuments or churches if the Belgians will agree not to use them for military purposes.

Adriatic Sown With Mines.

The sowing of floating mines by the Austrians to harass the French and English warships in the Adriatic has resulted in the sinking of an Italian fishing boat, and the Italian government has entered a protest at Vienna. The incident has created bitter feeling in Italy, where it is said the mines have drifted from the Austrian to the Italian side of the Adriatic and have terrorized the fishing industry, the chief resource of this region.

Marquis Di San Giuliano, the foreign minister, one of the chief friends of the Triple Alliance in Italy, is seriously ill and Premier Salandra has taken charge of the foreign office. It is suggested in London that this might bring about some change in the policy

(Continued on Page Two.)

WAR SITUATION THIS MORNING

For the moment all interest is fixed on the territory occupied by the French left wing and the German right wing, where the most determined fighting of the battle line is going on. The allied forces gradually are moving northward, and according to the French official statement that battle continues to develop more and more toward the north, the allies attempting to get beyond the extremity of the German line for the great outflanking movement which has been the object of their operations.

A continuation of this advance to the north would bring the allies to Cambrai, a strongly fortified town in Nord, and beyond that as far as the circle could be drawn.

Meanwhile, there is comparative calm from Rheims to the Meuse, which constitutes the center of the front, but in the Woevre district there have been engagements in which the French have made advances.

Regarding the operations in northern France, Berlin is officially silent, dispatches from the German capital declaring that no information has been given out regarding the progress of the general engagement.

An official announcement from Petrograd says the Austrian province of Galacia is completely freed of Austrians, the last remnants of their troops having sought refuge in the Carpathians. An unofficial dispatch from the Russian capital says fighting along the East Prussian frontier has resulted in the repulse of all the German attempts to force a passage of the river Niemen in the government of Suwalki.

To offset this, an official statement issued in Berlin, dealing with the situation in the Carpathians, says the Russians in trying to cross the mountains in small columns and break through into Hungary, have been repulsed everywhere.

Archduke Frederick of Austria, commander in chief of the Austrian army, has issued an army order in which he declares that "the situation of the Germans and Austrians is favorable." The Russian offensive is beginning to break down, says the archduke, and the "German army without hindrance has penetrated deep into France, where a new and great victory is imminent." He asserts that in the Balkan theatre the Austrians are fighting in the enemy's territory, and that the Servian resistance is beginning to weaken. He concludes with the statement that "the dual monarchy and Germany are united and have full confidence of fighting out to the end this war, which was forced upon us."

Malines, Belgium, has been reoccupied by the Belgians, according to a dispatch from Antwerp. The same message states that on Wednesday the Germans renewed the bombardment of Lierre, a manufacturing town nine miles southeast of Antwerp, and Heyst-Op-Den-Berg, a place near Lierre. In Lierre the tower of the famous church of St. Gommarius, one of the finest Gothic churches in Belgium, has been struck by shells. Most of this district has been deserted by the civilian population.

An Italian torpedo boat is reported to have been sunk by a mine between Venice and Comacchio, in the Adriatic, according to advices from Rome. There is no official confirmation of this report.

Factories in Italy manufacturing big guns are working day and night to finish the supply of modern cannon ordered for the Italian army. The manufacturers hope to hasten the work to such an extent that within a few weeks the whole army will be provided with these cannon. An order has been issued to hurry the preparation of a supply of provisions and ammunition for the Italian army.

EXPECT CARRANZA TO RESIGN TODAY

Without Awaiting Outcome of Peace Conference.

END OF VILLA REVOLT

All Mine Titles Granted During Administration of Huerta Annulled—May be Renewed Within 60 Days.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Dispatches reaching the Constitutionalist agency here from Mexico City tonight indicated General Carranza would present his resignation as first chief of the Constitutionalists to the convention of leaders in Mexico City tomorrow without awaiting the outcome of the peace conference about to begin at Zecatecas.

It is understood here the convention will delay action on the resignation, and take no steps toward setting up the new provisional government until some word has come from the conferees.

In official and diplomatic circles it is believed the Zacatecas conference will end General Villa's revolt by approving the choice of F. Iglesias Calderon as provisional president, and this action will be followed by Calderon's election by the Mexico City convention.

Rafael Zubaran tonight made public a telegram from General Carranza in which the latter said:

"If the chiefs to whom I will resign accept my resignation, I shall retire to private life with the consciousness of having done my duty as a citizen, as a governor of the state of Coahuila, and as first chief of the Constitutionalist army in charge of the executive power."

Mine Titles Annulled.

Washington, Sept. 30.—The State Department today issued a statement saying official advices from Mexico City announced the issuance of a decree annulling all mine titles granted during the Huerta administration. The decree was dated August 29, according to the statement.

"Sixty days from the date of the decree are allowed mining agents to make applications for the renewal of all procedure previously taken," the statement continues.

It is further stipulated that all payments required by the mining laws of Mexico in connection with mining titles or mining claims must be made again to the present central administration.

"All right will be lost by persons who have not complied with the above mentioned rules before the expiration of the stipulated sixty days, and the mining land thereafter will be considered as open to denouncement."

All Ready for Conference.

Zocatecas, Mex., Sept. 30.—General Francisco Villa, attended by his staff, and the committee of pacification appointed in Mexica City reached Zacatecas late today and completed arrangements for the conference to be held here in an effor to compose differences between Villa and General Carranza. Representatives of the two factions met informally today and apparently the best of feeling prevails. It is planned to hold the first session of the conference tomorrow.

A joint statement issued today expressed the earnest hope of both sides that an agreement might be reached before further blood was shed.

Villa's Troops Attack Saltillo.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 30.—Villa's

(Continued on Page Two.)

PLANS FORMING FOR DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN

President to Make no Speeches But Will Write.

Has Requests Before Him for Letters of Support of Candidates All Over the Country—Cabinet Members.

Washington, Sept. 30.—With arrangements for adjournment of Congress next month about completed, administration leaders today began laying plans for actively pushing the campaign for the election of another Democratic Senate and House in November.

In accordance with his recent letter to Chairman Doremus, of the Democratic Congressional committee, President Wilson will not make any speeches himself, but he plans to carry on an active letter writing campaign in a number of states.

The President has requests before him for letters of support from Democratic candidates in all parts of the country. It was intimated at the White House today that the administration will support all acndidates nominate din open Democratic primaries. In this connection special attention attaches to the situation in Illinois, where Secretary Bryan opposed Roger Sullivan for the senatorial nomination. Chairman McCombs, of the Democratic National committee, has announced since the primaries that he will support Mr. Sullivan for election.

It was intimated thta practically all members of the Cabinet will speak in the campaign.

London, Sept. 30.—The official report of casualties among British officers in dispatches under date of Sept. 24 and 26, from general headquarters, include 5 killed, 18 wounded, 1 died of wounds and 3 missing.

FINAL SOLUTION IS REDUCED ACREAGE

Or Total Elimination of Cotton Planting in 1915.

CONVENTION AGREES

Southern Cotton Association at New New Orleans Adopts Compromise Resolution for Creation of Public Sentiment.

New Orleans, Sept. 30.—Creation of effective public sentiment for a greatly reduced acreage or total elimination of cotton planting next year, with the ultimate aim of having state legislatures enact laws regulating planting, was decided on today by the Southern Cotton Convention here as the best method of meeting the situation caused by the European war. The measure was a compromise one and was unanimously adopted.

The plan is to have county organizations of the Farmers' Union and the Southern Cotton Association obtain pledges from planters that they will reduce acreage at least one half and where possible to have them to pledge not to plant any cotton in 1915. The county organizations also are required to petition the governor of the state to call a special session of the legislature to enact laws either prohibiting plantin gat all or providing for acreage reduction of at least fifty per cent.

Wilson Will Do All in His Power.

Washington, Sept. 30.—President Wilson today told a delegation representing the conference of governors and congressmen of cotton states he would take up with the Treasury Department a request that state banks be allowed to issue emergency currency under the Aldrich-Vreeland act without paying a 10 per cent. tax. A bill now in pending in the Senate to carry out that plan.

Senator Robeson and Representatives Hardwich and Lever told the President the cotton growers faced a serious situation. They said steps would be taken to restrict the 1915 crop, but that it was necessary for the planters to obtain money on surplus production this year. The question of direct loans of government money to cotton growers also was discussed.

The President said he would do everything in his power to afford relief.

EXPLOSION KILLS FIVE AND DESTROYS PLANT

Of Pain Fire Works Display Company of America, at Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—H. B. Thearle, president of the Pain Fire Works Display Company of America, and four employes were killed today by an explosion that destroyed, the company's plant here. In addition to Thearle, Florence Hill, stenographer; E. M. Connor, salesman, and Roland H. Wolf, shipping clerk, were killed.

A fifty body recovered tonight was identified as Joseph Johnson, electrician.

John Costello, an office boy, was blown through a door and may die. Firemen tonight thought that other bodies might be under the debris.

AEROPLANE AMERICA IS SHIPPED UNDER COVER

Britain Gets World's Most Powerful Airship.

Brought From Hammondsport Secretly and Placed Aboard the Mauretania Under Cover of Darkness Last Night.

New York, Sept. 30.—Under cover of darkness, the America, said to be the world's most powerful aeroplane, today was loaded on the steamer Mauretania and now is being taken across the Atlantic to be used by the British government for war service. The America was built for a trans-Atlantic flight and would have been piloted by Lieut. John C. Porte, a British naval lieutenant.

The America and two other aeroplanes constructed by a Hammondsport, N. Y., company, were brought here on a special train 24 hours before the Mauretania sailed, it was learned tonight, and secretly stored in the Mauretania's hold. High powered automobiles carried the machine in sections from Hammondsport to Bath, N. Y. Upon arrival here they were loaded on lighters and taken out to the liner—this also under cover of darkness.

The Mauretania was many miles at sea before announcement of the shipment was made. The names of the purchaser and consignees of the machines were closely guarded.

The impression prevailed here tonight that owing to his familiarity with the working of the America, Lieut. Porte might be selected to pilot her should she be used for military purposes.

When tested at Hammondsport last summer, the America flew with ten men and a quantity of gasoline aboard, her lift approximating 3,000 pounds.

GERMAN TALES OF TRAGIC EPISODES

Issued by British Official Press Bureau.

TAKEN FROM NEW BOOK

Narrative of Extermination of a Belgian Village—Story of the Shooting of a Boy Scout—British Criticise Spirit.

London, Sept. 30.—German tales of tragic episodes of the war were issued by the official press bureau tonight. The stories were taken from a book called "Krieg's Chronik" seized from aliens entering English ports. The volume consists, according to the bureau, "partly of a highly untrustworthy chronicle of the war and partly of soldiers' letters from the front."

"As showing the methods of thought of the enemy, these last have considerable value," continues the bureau. "It is not the truth of falsity of the tales that matters, but the applause and self congratulation of the writers on deeds of gross treachery and cruelty claimed to have been done by themselves or comrades."

The narrative of an artillery officer, on the extermination of a Belgian village, as given out by the bureau, follows:

"The countryside was full of our troops. Nevertheless the stupid peasants must need shoot at our men, as they marched by, from lurking places. Day before yesterday the Prussian troops surrounded a village, put the women, children and old people aside and shot all the men. The village then was burned to the ground."

The story of the shooting of a boy scout is given as follows:

"A traitor has just been shot. He was a little French lad belonging to one of the gymnastic societies which wear the tri-colored ribbons, a poor young fellow who, in his infatuation, wanted to be a hero.

"As the German column was passing along a wooded defile, he was caught and asked whether the French were about. He refused to give any information. Fifty yards further there was fire from the cover of the wood. The prisoner was asked in French if he had known that the enemy was in the forest and he did not deny it.

"He went with a firm step to a telegraph pole and stood against it with a green vineyard at his back and received the volley of a firing party with a proud smile on his face. Infatuated wrech! It was a pity to see such wasted courage."

ROOSEVELT IN MICHIGAN.

Makes Appeal Against Return to Republican Fold.

Bay City, Mich., Sept. 30.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, principal speaker at the Progressive state convention here today, repeatedly declared against the return of Progressives to the Republican fold. "You can't be loyal to the principles of Abraham Lincoln by voting the Republican ticket," he said. "You can't be loyal to the principles of Jefferson by voting the Democratic ticket."

UNITED STATES MAY IMPORT FROM GERMANY

Beet Sugar, Dye Stuffs and Other Chemicals.

Opinion of Solicitor Johnson, of State Department, Before Conference of Representatives of American Industries.

Washington, Sept. 30.—No principle of international law stands in the way of the importation from Germany of beet sugar, dye stuffs, cyanide and other chemicals needed by American industries, in the opinion of Solicitor Johnson, of the State Department.

Addressing a conference of representatives of these industries here today, Mr. Johnson said export cargoes from a belligerent to a neutral nation could not be considered contraband of war or subject to seizure if the good faith of the shipment were established.

The conference was called by the departments of State and Commerce to bring into concrete form the needs of the industries named. Secretary Redfield presided and Secretary Bryan was present to give his personal assurance that the State Department would act as a medium of communication between American buyers and German sellers. Whenever a shipment was ready at Rotterdam to be placed aboard an American vessel bound to the United States, he said, inquiries would be made of the belligerents, which he felt little doubt would insure safe transportation.

It was pointed out that Germany had removed the ban first placed on the exportation of the commodities mentioned, but insisted that they should be carried in American vessels and under guarantee that they would not be reexported from the United States to any power at war with Germany.

REFUTES STATEMENTS BY GERMAN SECRETARY

That England Provoked "Poor Belgium" to Resistance.

British Official Gives "Facts" in Controversion of Statements Made by Herr von Jagow, German Secretary of State.

London, Sept. 30.—In an interview granted to the correspondent of a Copenhagen paper, Francis Dyke Acland, parliamentary under-secretary for foreign affairs, refutes statements by the German secretary of state, Herr von Jagow, in an interview recently issued at Berlin that "England has provoked poor Belgium to make resistance."

"This leaves it to be inferred," says Mr. Acland, "that Belgium, if unprovoked, really would have allowed herself to be trampled upon. It might have been thought that the nature of the resistance offered by Belgium would be enough to prevent such a libel on a gallant foe.

"An official statement issued this week by the Belgian government conclusively proves that no provocation from England or anybody else was needed to make Belgium maintain her rights. The Belgian government at the time of the Agadir crisis did not hesitate to warn the foreign ambassadors in terms which could not be misunderstood of its intention to compel respect for the neutrality of Belgium by every means at its disposal."

The under-secretary calls attention to Herr von Jagow's statement that Germany did not violate Belgium neutrality until the night of August 3-4. But on August 2, he says, Sir Edward Grey, secretary of state for foreign affairs, promised the French ambassador the full support of the English fleet if the German fleet attacked the French coast.

"The German minister," said Mr. Acland, "suppressed the facts that already on July 31 Sir Edward Grey had asked the French and German governments if they were prepared to engage to respect the neutrality of Belgium; that France immediately gave the required engagement and that Hrr von Jagow could not answer and that the answer ultimately received was 'No'."

EXPECT CARRANZA TO RESIGN TODAY

(Continued from Page One.)

troops have attacked Saltillo despite arrangement for peace conferences with representatives of General Carranza, according to an announcement here by Villa agents. These agents declared their information came from their eastern representatives.

A strong force of Villa's trooops left Chihuahua several days ago for Saltillo, capital of Coahuila, Carranza's home state. It was announced they had taken at Saltillo, it is said. It is reported Villa is having trouble in his own ranks. It is said General Herrera, commander of one of Villa's strongest brigades, had refused to participate in the revolt against the Carranza government.

Maytorena's Men Reconnoitering.

Naco, Sonora, Mexico. Sept. 30.—Governor Maytorena's forces have begun reconnitering after their victory over General Hill's forces at Santa Babara last week, although the main body of the governor's troops have remained encamped near the scene of the fighting.

About 100 Maytronea men were reported at Cananea today and 600 were at Canta Cruz and points on the railroad eastward. Hill's men are entrenched strongly here.

Lieut. Col. Gomez, reported to have died from wounds received in last week's encounter, is recovering.

THE STREET MASHER.

(Charlotte News.)

About the most contemptible little object in this whole world is the street corner masher.

Utterly of no account himself, a sort of perennial street ornament, he hangs about, in public places, and tries to impress ladies passing with his funcied charms.

Sometimes his conduct develops into impertinent remarks to strangers; always his brazen stare is quietly resented by the ladies passing him by.

There are not many of this tribe in Charlotte, but if there was some way to force them to do a little actual work rather than annoy passers-by with their impudent and officious conduct the atmosphere of the streets would be greatly purified.

Did you ever see the little masher hanging on the cornor, watching ladies as they enter cars or as they pass along the street.

His immodest staring is embarrassing to the lady of refinement, but what can she do so long as he does nothing avowedly against the law?

It is a pity that decency w\ never bred into this herd of contemp\ le little street loafers, who seem to have the mistaken idea that they are both smart and obsessing.

CRUISER TENNESSEE IS ORDERED TO THE ADRIATIC

To Proceed From Falmouth, England—Getting Close to Turkey.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Orders for the armered cruiser Tennessee not at Falmouth, Eng., to proceed to Brindisi, Italy, were issued by the Navy Department tonight. Brindisi is on the Adriatic coast of Italy, directly across the Strait of Otrano from Aurkey, and is within fifty miles of the Ottoman Empire. The cruiser North Carolina arleady is in Mediteranean waters, having been dispatched there following reports from Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople concerning the alarm felt by Americans and other foreigners there.

The presence of the Tennessee in addition to that of the North Carolina in these waters is expected to have a salutary effect.

HAHAHAN DENIES REPORT.

That he Contemplates Resigning Presidency of Seaboard.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 30.—W. J. Harahan, president of the Seaboard Air Li\ Railroad today authorized a statement denying reports printed in a number of southern newspapers to the effect that he contemplated resigning.

"The report is absolutely without foundation," said Mr. Harahan, "and I cannot imagine how it originated."

NEWSPAPER MAN SHOT DOWN BY INSANE NEGRO

Manager of Shreveport Times Killed in Office.

Robert M. Denholme Instantly Killed by Negro Who is Shot and Killed by Policemen as he Leaves Scene of First Tragedy.

Shrevepory, La. Sept. 30.—Robert M. Denholme, business manager of the Shreveport Times, was killed at the office of the paper early tonight by a negro, Albert Hector, who eveidently was insane. The negro was shot and killed by a policeman who followed him into the office with the intention of placing him under arrest.

Before visiting the Times office, the negro, armed with a revolver, held up the clerks in a hardware store while he secured another pistol and a supply of amunition. Flourishing his weapons as he entered the newspaper office, he forced the clerks to stand at bay while he made demands that a rambling statement he had prepared be published. After trying to pacify the man. Denholme moved toward his private office and the negro opened fire, killing him.

ANTI-TNBERCULOSIS ARMIES MOBILIZING

Four Big Sectional Conferences to be Held This Week.

New York, Oct. 1.—Four Sectional Conferences on tuberculosis will he held in various parts of the country during the months of October and November under the direction of The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, according to an announcement from the headquarters of that organization today.

These Conferences, designed to stimulate the war against tuberculosis in the sections which they serve, will be held in St. Louis, Mo., on October 6, 7, and 8; in Philadelphia, Pa., on October 16; in Bangor Me., on October 22 nd; and in Atlanta, Ga., during the last week in November. Prominent antituberculosis workers from all part of the countdy will address the various conferences. Among the principal subjects to be discused at all the conferences are The Red Cross Seal campaign; the advantages of local hospitals for the care of consumptives; the home treatment of the tuberculous and legislative problems.

In the official announcement relative to these conferences, Dr. Charles J. Hatfield, executive secretary of the National Association says; These four conferences are in fact the mobilization of those who are engaged in the war against tuberculosis for the coming fall and winter campaign which we are planning to wage against this disease. In almost every state of the Union, active movements against tuberculosis will be forwarded during the next six months. We hope at these conferences to discuss ways and mean and to secure the support and enthusiasm which will enable us to attack our individual problems more successfully than we could do otherwise."

WAR BULLETINS

Paris, Sept. 30. — A Havas dispatch from Nish, dated September 28, says the Servians on September 25, on the Drina-Shabatz front, drove the enemy back with enormous losses to the Austrians.

London, Sept. 30.—A message from Maestricht, according to Central News dispatch from Amsterdam, says that 5,000 Austrian troops have arrived at Aix la Chapelle from France on the way to the Austro-Russian front.

London, Sept. 30.—The fighting along the East Prussian frontier, in which the Russians have extended their front 9 miles, has resulted in the repulse of all the German attempts to force a passage of the river Niemen. This statement is contained in a dispatch from Petrograd.

Nice, Sept. 30.—The captain and 11 other o\cers of the Austrian steamer Radium, chartered to carry coal for the Austrian navy, are reported to have been arrested and shot at Castelnuevo, Dalmatia, on suspicion that they were selling to French warships information regarding the position of mines in the Adriatic.

INTEREST IN DAIRYING.

Mr. John A. Arey Added to Staff of A. & M. College, at Raleigh.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 30.—John A. Arey, class of 1910, A. & M. College, connected since graduation with the National Department of Agriculture, and also commissioner of agriculture of Iredell county, has been added to the field staff of the dairying division of the State experiment station here. He will spend most of his time in the western part of the State, where conditions are very favorable to the production of cheese, which is an undeveloped industry in North Carolina.

The movement for the establishment of creameries in North Carolina has met with gratifying success, and in every county where cheese-making is practicable demonstrations are being made. The dairying division officials believe that this is another means whereby money can be kept in the State.

MAY ABANDON BANK AND GASOLINE TAX IN BILL.

Senate Finance Committee Working on War Revenue Measure.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Changes in the war revenue bill being considered by Democrats of the Senate Finance committee include one to eliminate entirely the proposed tax of $2 a 1,000 on bank capital and surplus. Senator John Sharp Williams, a member of the committee, today introduced an amendment in the Senate to strike out this tax.

Other amendments to make up for the deficiency that would be caused by abandoning the bank tax and the elimination of the tax of two cents a gallon on gasoline are as follows:

CLASS "C" DIRECTORS ARE NAMED BY BOARD

Mr. M. F. H. Gouverneur, of Wilmington, is Honored.

Appointments for Federal Reserve Banks in Richmond, Boston, New York, St. Louis and Minneapolis Announced.

Washington, Sept. 30.—The Federal Reserve Board today announced the names of class "C" directors for the Federal reserve banks of Richmond, Boston, New York, St. Louis and Minneapolis.

Directors named today were: Richmond—William Ingle, Baltimore, reserve agent and chairman of board; James A. Moncure, Richmond, deputy agent and vice chairman; M. F. H. Gouverneur,, Wilmington, N. C. director.

William Ingle, chairman of the board of the Richmond bank, rose from a messenger to the vice president of the Merchants and Mechanics Bank of Baltimore, his native town. He became a messenger in 1881 and has remained with the same institution ever since.

Jas. A. Moncure was born in Stafford county, Va., about fifty-three years ago. He moved to Richmond and engaged in general mercantile business until about fifteen years ago, when he and his assistants took over the Richmond Guano Company.

M. F. H. Gouverneur, Wilmington, N. C., is a member of the firm of Hugh MacRae and Co., of Wilmington. He is a great grandson of President Monroe.

DONATING NEWSPAPER SPACE.

Giving Away That Which He Must Sell to Live Brings Publisher Abuse.

The Milwaukee Free Press publishes the following editorial concerning the giving away of newspaper space, and it just about coincides with the situation in a good many towns and cities besides Milwaukee, says an exchange. The Free Press says:

"Advertising publicity is what a newspaper has to sell. It is as much a commodity marked with a price as the wares in a dry goods store. Yet thousands of citizens who would not think of asking a merchant to give them so much as a necktie, have no compunction in asking that advertisements be given them by a newspaper. The thought does not even enter their heads that every inch of space so given, in addition to providing them with the most profitable service, actually costs the newspaper in editorial labor, in composition, in metal, in ink, in stereotyping, in printing, etc., a very definite sum of money.

"The Free Press, like every other Milwaukee paper, is liberal in giving of its space to further the cause of philanthropic, public and other institutions, enterprises and causes where the object is non-commercial and conducive to the public welfare.

"In return, it expects only appreciation—appreciation of the fact that the press is giving its most costly commodity, a service so valuable that the beneficiaries could not afford to buy it, and without which their institution, enterprise or cause could not exist, a service which always is made at a sacrifice to the news columns and at an actual expense.

"It expects recognition of the fact that while halls, theatres and other public places, posters and all the other service enlisted in these causes demand compensation with but few exceptions, it is the newspaper that gives its weres free for the sake of public good.

"Yet in the vast majority of cases, this generous service is blissfully taken for granted, and the paper's liberality abused. That which is purely a favor is accepted as a matter of course, and what would be requests are couched as demands.

"When the courtesy has been performed there s rarely appreciation, and more often dissatisfaction—generally silence.

"The result in many other cities has been that a prize has been put upon every kind of publicity, no matter what its object—even upon the church notice. In those cities, we warrant, such favors as the press bestows are prosperly valued.

GOVERNOR TO VIRGINIA.

Will Open County Fair—To Name Committee—New Market.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 30.—Governor Craig left tonight for Chase City, Va., where he will tomorrow open the Mecklenburg county, Va., fair with a special address. He is being accompanied by a number of the members of his personal staff in the North Carolina National Guard, including Adjutant General Laurence W. Young and Col. S. Westry Battle, of Asheville.

Governor Craig is preparing a list of North Carolinians to be included in a special committee on the part of this State that he will name soon to cooperate in the national movement known as "The Committee of Mercy for Women and Children Made Destitute by the World War." The headquarters for this movement is at Room 336, Fifth Avenue Building, New York, with Senator Elihu Root as honorary president; August Belmont, treasurer and John Craig Hammond as executive secretary. The work of organizing this movement in the various states is under the direction of Norman Hapgood as chairman of the executive committee. Mr. Hapgood has written Governor Craig as to the launching of the movement in North Carolina and it is in response to Mr. Hapgood's letter that the governor has begun the selection of the list of citizens to constitute the North Carolina committee.

Raleigh's splendid new city market was formally thrown open to the public today with special ceremonies that included addresses by Mayor James I. Johnson, President Alexander Webb, of the chamber of commerce; Mrs. Chas. McKimmon, for the Housewives' League; Dr. Delia Dixon-Carroll, for the Woman's Club, and President W. P. Hunter, of the Merchants' Association. The new market presented a gala appearance with stalls filled with especially attractive stocks and decorated with especial elaboration, there being prizes for the best decorations. The market is thoroughly equipped in accordance with the most modern and approved appliances for markets and with arrangements as to sanitation that assure the most cleanly and attractive conditions. The old market and Metropolitan Hall building will now be turned over to the Tucker estate which purchased it some months ago for delivery as soon as the new market was ready for occupancy.

NO END IN SIGHT AFTER 18 DAYS CONTINUED FIGHTING

(Continued From Page One.)

of Italy, as the premier is said to wish Italy to join the allies, to which Marquis Di San Giuliano was strongly opposed.

Sarajevo, capital of Bosnia, is coming within gunshot of the Servian and Montenegrin armies, which hope to add that city to their conquests.

OFFICIAL FROM VIENNA.

Says Situation of the Germans and Austrians is Favorable.

Vienna, via Amsterdam and London, Sept. 30.—Archduke Frederick of Austria, commander-in-chief of the Austrian army, today issued the following army order:

"The situation of the Germans and Austrians is favorable. The Russian offensive is beginning to break down. We, with the German troops again shall beat the enemy, already beaten at Krasnik, Zamoso, (both towns of Russian Poland) Insterburg and Tannenburg (the last two places named are in East Prussia).

"The German main army, without hindrance, has penetrated deep into France where a new and great victory is imminent.

"In the Balkan theatre we are fighting in the enemy's territory. The Servian resistance is beginning to weaken.

"Internal dissatisfaction, insurrection and lack of food threaten our enemy in the rear while the dual monarchy and Germany are united and have full confidence of fighting out to the end this war which was forced upon us.

"This is the truth about the situation. This proclamation must be made known to all officers and men in their respective mother tongue."

NEWS SCARCE IN BERLIN.

Nothing Official From Battleground Since Tuesday Night.

Berlin, Sept. 30. via London—No official news from the western battleground has been received here since last night. The newspapers have not been informed by their correspondents regarding the great general engagement and details are not known here.

Archduke Frederick of Austria, commander-in-chief of the Austrian forces, in army orders today declared a new and great victory was imminent in the western campaign, according to dispatches from Vienna.

ATTITUDE OF JAPAN.

University President Declares She Has No Aggressive Intentions.

Philadelphia, Sept. 30.—Sanae Taketa, president of Waseda University at Tokio, one of a party of prominent Japanese making a tour of American universities, today denied the report that his country entered the war to gain the commercial and political domination of China and the Pacific.

"I can say positively," he declared, "that Japan has no aggressive intentions. She merely wishes to uphold and guard the integrity of China."

"President Wilson," Dr. Taketa said, "is to be admired for the statesmanship he has shown in this great war. He has been fair and just and absolutely impartial."

FACTORIES WORK DOUBLE TIME.

To Finish Cannon Ordered by the Italian Government.

Rome, via Paris, Sept. 30.—Factories are working night and day to finish cannon ordered for the Italian army. An order has been issued to hasten the preparation of provisions and ammunition for the troops.

Signor Monti-Guarnieri, deputy from Pesaro, recently called on the ministry of war for an explanation of the delay in the manufacture of cannon ordered from Italian firms. Parliament not being in session, the interrogation has not been answered.

It was stated semi-officially that the question concerned 87 field batteries. The delivery of guns of the 75 millimeter type was delayed, owing to a modification in the specifications, made after the order had been given.

ITALIAN TORPEDO BOAT SUNK.

By a Mine in the Adriatic Sea—Report Not Confirmed Officially.

Rome, Italy, Sept. 30.—An Italian torpedo boat is reported to have been sunk today by a mine between Venice and Comacchio, in the Adriatic Sea. No confirmation of the report can be obtained in official circles.

London, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Rome says:

"In consequence of the appearance on the Adriatic coast of Italy of floating mines which there is reason to believe have come from the coasts of Istria and Dalmatia, the Italina government has telegraphed urgent instructions to the ambassador at Vienna charging him to draw the attention of Austria to the fact, and to the loss of life which already has ensued from it and to ask that adequate measures to taken to prevent the recurrence of incidents of such gravity."

BURGOMASTER MAX ARRESTED

Head of Brussels Government Taken by German Military Governor.

Londan, Sept. 30.—The following official dispatch has been received by wirless from Berlin:

"The German military governor of Brussels has announce dthe arrest of Burgomaster Max by public poster as follows:

"'I have found myself obliged to suspend Burgomaster Max from his office on account of his irreconciliable attitude. He is a in honorable custody in a fortress.'"

MALINES RE-OCCUPIED.

Belgians Recover the Town Captured By The Germans.

London, Sept. 30.—"Malines has been reoccupied by the Belgians," says the Antwerp correspondent of the Reuter's Telegram Co. His dispatch continues:

"The Germans today renewed the bombardment of Lierre (a manufacturing town nine miles southwest of Antwerp) and Heyst-Opden-Berg (a town near Lierre.) In Lierre the tower of the church of St. Gommarius, the convent of the Blanc Sisters and some houses have been struck by shells. Four women have been wounded. Most of this district has been deserted by the civilian population.

The church of St. Gommarius, one of the finest Gothic churches in Belgium was begun in 1425 and completed in 1527. Recently it was restored. Three of its fine stained glass windows were presented by Emperor Maxmillan.

TO CONSIDER MATTERS OF HEALTH FOR THE SOUTH

American Public Health Association to in Jacksonville

Jacksonville, N. C., Oct.1—The educational value to the South of the gathering of the American Public Health Association in one of its large cities next December, would be difficult to overestimate. This convention is to be held at Jacksonvile, Florida, and its membership, which includes the leading physicians and sanitarians of the United States Canada, Mexico, and Cubs, will discuss a program especially covering health matters and interests in their relatian to the South.

In connection with this gathering the helth authorities of Jacksonville are arranging for a Southern Health Exhibition, which will afford opportunity for the study of these same problems, and will illustrate the methods and progress in their solution that are rapidly making the South the most healthful section of the Country.

A surprisingly liberal response has rewarded the efforts of the local committee that are planning this exhibition. The health boards of nearly ever southern state, the health boards and organizations of many southern cities and much splendid organized efforts as the United States Public Health Service, the Rockefeller Foundation, the United States Department of Agriculture, the Red Cross and the New York Postgraduate School of Medicine have promised exhibits and hearty cooperation.

The practical consideration in the light of the most advanced study of such subjects as tuberculosis, malaria, typhoid fever, hookworm, pellagra, rural sanitation, child welfare and a wide variety of topics, and the practical illustration of the campaigns against them, can not but be of the greatest value to southern workers The science of sanitation has made rapid advance in the South within recent years. Its importance is being recognized and the investigations of southern workers have given them high rank among practical workers.

ONSLOW PASTOR TELLS OF WAR EXPERIENCES

Rev. C. T. Rogers Was in Berlin at the Beginning

Jacksonville Minister Relates Story of Hardships and Tells How He Managed to Get Back to the United States.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Sept. 29.—Rev. C. T. Rogers, pastor of the Methodist church at Jacksonville, Onslow county, has returned from Germany where he went on a visit with Rev. R. M. Von Miller, another pastor of the some town. Rev. Mr. Rogers was in Berlin when war was declared but succeeded in getting out of that country and back to the United States. In an interesting interview he tells of his experience in getting back to this country and of the hardships endured enroute.

Rev. Mr. Rogers was stopping at Leipzig when war was declared and his account of the subsequent incidents follows:

"At Leipzig, where I was stopping I learned from brother Von Miller that war had been declared and that in eighteen hours all trains would be seized by the military. I at once decided that it was my next move. On Sunday morning, August 2, I left that city for Belgium or at lest I thought I was bound for Belgium.

His Kodak Causes Trouble.

"After travelling for several hours, I decided to try and take a few camera shots of the beautiful scenery. We were in the mountains for several hours. Not long after trying to take a shot with my camera, I gave it up and sat down. About the time I took a seat the train stopped and on looking out I saw several guards running to our car. I knew in a moment that they suspected that a sqy was somewhere on board. They came directly to my apartment in which there were five people. After looking around at us they seized a gentleman's satchel and examined it after which they gave us a searching look and pased on. Then I realized that no doubt my camera had caused the trouble. A few stations further on I had to change trains. Here, as soon as I took a seat, I noticed several guards begin walking around me and I knew that I was in for trouble. A few minutes later an officer came, examined my luggage and passed on. I did not have long to wait but was soon on my way to the border town, Dalheim where I was to change trains again. Here I was taken into a room and my baggge re-exmined after which I was led to the waiting room.

Spende Night in Park.

"I stayed in the waiting room from 8 P. M. to 1 A. M. At that hour I was put out by a soldier and told to go to a hotel. The landlord of the hostelry refused to open the door and I was forced to spend the night in a park. There I met a man who very much resembled Jesse James. I could not understand his language, neither could he understand mine and there we were, out beneath the stars spending the night in misery. Cold? Well I should say so. The people over there had not changed their heavy underwear and were wearing heavy overcoats while I had on my summer suit. I had, however, two suits of heavy underwear and at once put the mon but still I was cold and could not even nod. However, my friend had climbed upon a table and was sleeping soundly.

A Terrible Night.

"It was a terrible night but finally day dawned and I huried to the station but found that there would be no train before 10 o'clock. About 9 o'clock a train came in and a gentleman walked into the waiting room. I took him for an American and upon speaking to him I found, much to my delight, that such was the case. This Prof. Henry Bowman of Springfield, Mass., it was indeed good to meet him. About 10 o'clock oru train came in and we lost not time in boarding it but just about the time we had gotten seated, the guards threw open the doors and ordered us out at the same time remarking that there would be no more trains for the border and if we wanted to get there we would have to walk. It was eighteen miles to the border but we started out and had gone about a maile when we were met by a German officer who said we would have to return as no one was allowed to go across the border. Back we went but we finally succeeded in getting to London and there secured passage o na vessel back to America and I tell you that I was glad to get back to the U. S. A. once again after going through such strenuous times."

Rev. R. M. Miller, who was at Leipsing with Rev. Mr. Rogers, did not start back to the United States until about three weeks ago. He succeeded in getting out of Germany and to England and there secured passage on an American bound vessel and was expected to arrive at Jacksonville a day or two ago but up to the present time he has not put in his appearance and it is probable that he has stopped over in New York fo rseveral days.

COMMISSION DECLINES TO SUSPEND MILEAGE TARIFFS

Inucrease to 2 1-2 Cents a Mile Goes Into Effect Today.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Formal announcement was made by the Interstate Commerce Commission late today that it had declined to suspend tariffs of railroads operating in eastern trunk line territory providing for an increase in mileage passenger books from two cents to two and one quarter cents a mile, effecitve October 1. Protests against the increase had been filed.

The commission, however, suspended tariffs filed by the New York Central lines, under which mileage books sold prior to October 1, on a basis of two cents a mile woul not be honored for transportation after that date.

New York, Sept. 30.—The East and West Bureau tonight received the following cable from Tokio: "On the 28th the Japanese fleet, accompanied by gun boats and marine corps, advanced to Laoshan Heights (about 18 miles from Tsing Tau) and landed marines. The latter occupied the outer edge of the harbor and captured four Krupp field guns, four field wagons and ammunition, left by the enemy."

ADJOURNMENT BY OCT. 15TH VERY PROBABLE

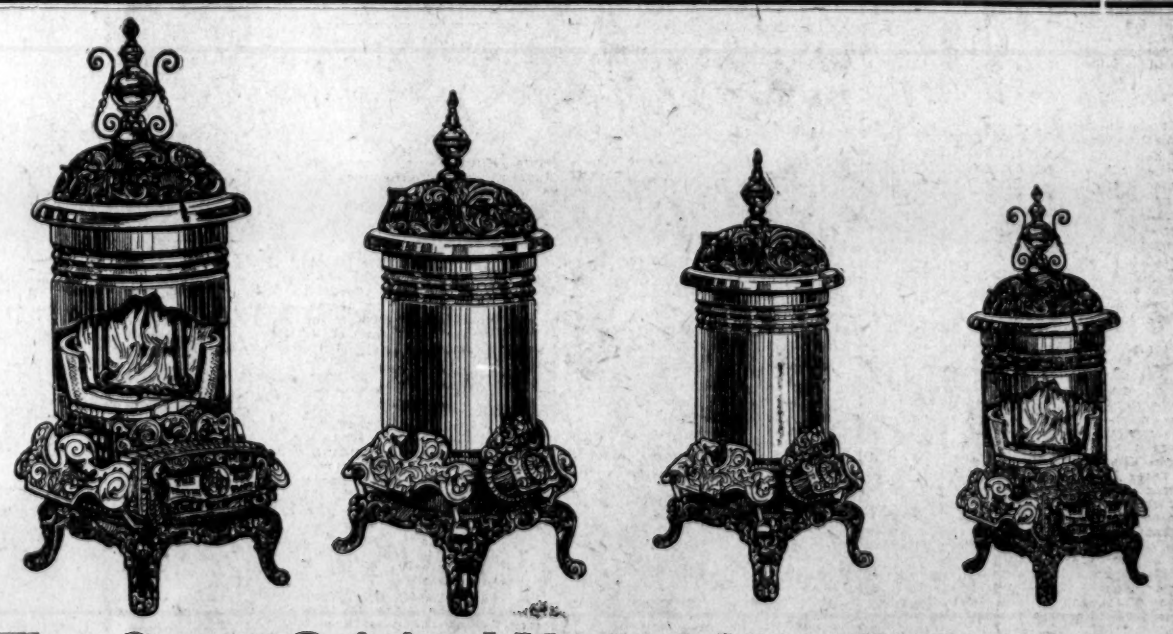
Democrats in Both Houses Continue to Confer.

Nearly All Majority Members of House Are Enlisted in Movement to Wind Up Business by Them —Postpone Shipping Bill

Washington, Sept. 30.Continued conferences among the Democrats in both houses today gave strong indication of the success of the plan for adjournment of Congress by the middle of October.

Nearly all majority members of the House are aligned with the movement undertaken by Democratic leader Underwood, wit hthe approval of President Wilson, to put off the administration ship purchase bill until after the November elections. The proposal is that the House shall begin recessing three days at a time next week, so most of its members may go to their home districts immediately, and that congress shall adjourn about Octobert 15.

Republican members of both houses also are in accord with this plan.



The Great Original Vortex Hot Blast Heater

A hatful of cheapest Coal costing 1 cent lasts over night in the

Vortex Hot Blast GUARANTEED AIR TIGHT ALWAYS Saves You $16 to $25 in Fuel Every Year

It is a perfect stove for all fuel and requires no change of fixtures for Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Coke. All sizes and prices. Every "Vortex" sold with an absolute guarantee—all we ask is that directions (which are simple ones) be followed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY

SOLE AGENTS Write for Catalog and Prices

"THE PIONEERS AT CAROLINA BEACH"

It would seem that the pioneers at Carolina Beach were the capitalists who started the undertaking 27 years ago. They did not ask the "encouragement of a city franchise."

The admission made by Messrs. Pate and Loughlin that **"all the while Carolina Beach was a going concern, visited annually by a large number of our sturdiest citizens,"** disproves the cry of **"monopoly,"** by means of which they and their associates have endeavored to prejudice the public.

They admit that "in May, 1914," the Wilmington Beach company (a subsidiary of the Fidelity Trust & Development Company) purchased an interest in the charter of the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company; and since that time they have had "mutual efforts and aims," which are well known.

There would have been no objection to these mutual aims and efforts had they not been directed towards the destruction of the business of the Tide Water Power Company.

They state that they "turned to the North for capital," that they enlisted the active interest and co-operation of Mr. Chas. Hall Davis, who has been "in touch with financiers," and who has had "experience in handling developments" of the kind under consideration.

Mr. Chas. Hall Davis, the Fidelity Trust & Development Company, the Wilmington Beach Corporation, and Messrs. Pate & Loughlin, directed mutual efforts towards securing from the City of Wilmington an option for a franchise.

For some time the Tide Water Power Company has been subjected to attacks from parties allied with these "combined interests." Since May, 1914, the attacks have been continuous, leading up to a demand made by Mr. Chas. Hall Davis that the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company and its associates, be given a franchise in Wilmington (14 miles away from Carolina Beach), which required nothing but would permit the use of more miles of street than the Tide Water Power Company interests have been given in 25 years. Mr. Chas. Hall Davis was so persuasive that the franchise was granted even without referring it to the scrutiny of the City Attorney, who offered to shape it up so that it would protect the interests of the City.

Some time ago we looked into the situation, carefully, and reached the conclusion that any persons who built a suburban line from Wilmington to Carolina Beach would lose not less than $25,000 a year, if the depreciation on the plant and interest on investment were taken into consideration. If the road is ever built, some one must make that loss. Shall it be borne by the promoters, or can it be shifted on to some one else? Under the present scheme this loss would apparently be borne in part by the City and in part by the Tide Water Power Company.

Such a franchise would tend to hold back the development of Wilmington for five years. In times like the present there is no capital available for such an enterprise as that proposed by Mr. Chas. Hall Davis and his associates. It is probable that the Tide Water Power Company would, if this franchise were voted, be placed in a position where it could not finance further developments.

It is no doubt true that Messrs. Pate and Loughlin have "toiled and slaved, early and late, for three years;" and, in their own words, they "feel that a city franchise is little enough encouragement to ask." But there are other citizens who have worked "early and late" for more than three years; and many of these feel that they ought not to be deprived of a certainty for the vague hope of allowing Messrs. Pate & Loughlin and the Fidelity Trust & Development Company to sell lots at Carolina and Wilmington Beaches at prices from two to ten times as high as lots were sold at Wrightsville Beach when the pioneers of that enterprise commenced its development.

It is evident that the hope of realizing enough out of the said franchise to keep these combined enterprises afloat, **rests with Mr. Chas. Hall Davis.** He is relied on to be the link between the franchise and some desired Northern capital.

TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY.

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

SPORTS

TEAM OF SUBSTITUTES WON FOR ATHLETICS

Won Off Johnson, Who Relieved Shaw.

Earl Mack on First, Coombs in Right, and Pennock Pitching—Detroit Downed Browns—Cleveland Beat White Sox.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Philadelphia	96	50	.659
Boston	88	58	.603
Washington	77	71	.520
Detroit	78	72	.520
St. Louis	68	80	.459
Chicago	68	82	.453
New York	67	80	.456
Cleveland	51	100	.338

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At St. Louis 6; Detroit 9.
At Philadelphia 3; Washington 2.
At Cleveland 6; Chicago 5.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Detroit at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Washington.
New York at Boston.

Washington, Sept. 30.—Philadelphia, with a team composed almost entirely of substitutes, today beat Washington 3 to 2 in ten innings. The Athletics tied the score in the ninth and won out in the 10th off Johnson, who had relieved Shaw. Thompson was passed, stole second, and scored the winning run on Walsh's single. The fielding of the locals was ragged.

Philadelphia:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Thompson, c f	3	1	0	2	0	0
Davies, l f	3	0	0	1	1	1
Walsh, 3-b	5	0	1	0	1	1
Kopf, s s	4	0	0	3	4	0
Lapp, c	4	1	2	7	2	0
Carruthers, 2-b	4	1	2	4	2	0
E. Mack, 1-b	3	0	0	10	0	0
Coombs, r f	3	0	1	2	0	0
Pennock, p	4	0	0	1	3	1
Totals	35	3	6	30	13	3

Washington:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Mitchell, r f	1	0	0	0	0	0
Moeller, r f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Foster, 3-b	4	1	4	3	1	1
Milan, c f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Gandil, 1-b	3	0	0	10	1	1
Shanks, l f	5	1	2	1	0	0
Morgan, 2-b	5	0	2	3	0	0
Ainskith, c	5	0	2	6	4	2
McBride, s s	5	0	1	5	6	1
Shaw, p	2	0	0	0	2	1
Johnson, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
* Pick	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	39	2	11	30	17	6

*—Ran for Shaw in ninth.

Philadelphia .....010 000 0011—3
Washington .....100 100 0000—2

Summary: Two base hits McBride, Shanks; three base hits Caruthers, Foster; hits off Shaw 5 in 9 innings, off Johnson 1 in 1 inning; sacrifice hit E. Mack, Milan; sacrifice fly Gandil; stolen bases E. Mack, Thompson, Mitchell, Foster (2), Pick; double play Lapp to Caruthers, Morgan and Gandil, Morgan to McBride to Gandil; left on bases Philadelphia 7, Washington 12; first base on balls, Pennock 3, Shaw 2, Johnson 1; first base on errors Philadelphia 5, Washington 2; hit by pitcher by Shaw (Kopf); struck out, Pennock 6, Shaw 4, Johnson 1; wild pitch, Shaw. Time 2:10. Umpires O'Brien and Evans.

TWELFTH INNING VICTORY FOR CLEVELAND NAPS.

Cleveland, Sept. 30.—Wambsganss' triple and Leibold's single in the 12th inning gave Cleveland a victory over Chicago today in the last game of the local season.

Cleveland ....301 000 000 011—6 14 3
Chicago .....000 202 000 010—5 12 3

Blanding, Bowman and Mills; Benz and Schalk.

TIGERS OUTPLAYED BROWNS AND WON NINE TO SIX.

St. Louis, Sept. 30.—Detroit today outplayed St. Louis and won 9 to 6 although the local club fought hard. Darkness ended the contest after the eighth inning.

Detroit .....302 000 31—9 13 1
St. Louis .....020 000 40—6 9 2

Dubuc, Main and Stanage; Leverens, Mitchell, Baumgardner and Agnew.

FEDERAL

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Chicago	83	64	.566
Indianapolis	81	65	.555
Baltimore	77	66	.539
Buffalo	76	66	.535
Brooklyn	73	71	.507
Kansas City	65	79	.451
Pittsburg	59	81	.422
St. Louis	61	83	.424

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Indianapolis 3; Chicago 0.
At Brooklyn 8; Baltimore 3.
At Buffalo 10; Pittsburg 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Indianapolis.
Baltimore at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at Buffalo.

INDIANAPOLIS CUTS DOWN CHIFEDS' LEAD.

Indianapolis, Sept. 30.—Indianapolis won from Chicago today 3 to 0. Two doubles in the seventh and three hits and a base on balls in the eighth were responsible for Indianapolis' runs.

Chicago .....000 000 000—0 3 2
Indianapolis .....000 000 12x—3 7 3

Johnson and Wilson; Falkenburg and Rariden.

ON OPENER LAST SERIES BALTIMORE TERRAPINS LOSE

Brooklyn, Sept. 30.—Baltimore opened its fifth series of the year here today and lost to Brooklyn 8 to 3.

Baltimore .....000 020 001—3 11 1
Brooklyn .....240 020 00x—8 12 3

Bailey and Jacklitsch; Seaton and Land.

BUFFEDS DOWNED PITTSBURG IN OPENING BATTLE.

Buffalo, Sept. 30.—Buffalo took the first game of the series from Pittsburg today 10 to 1.

Buffalo .....024 001 03x—10 15 2
Pittsburg .....000 000 100— 1 6 0

Krapp and Blair; Barger, Dickson and Berry.

BRAVES WIN OPENER AND TIE THE FINAL

Rudolph, Strand and Cruther, the Artists.

Giants Make Tough Fight and Surmounted Seven-Run Lead to Tie Second—Cards Downed Pirates—Dodgers Won.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

Boston	89	56	.614
New York	80	67	.544
St. Louis	78	69	.531
Chicago	75	73	.507
Philadelphia	72	76	.487
Brooklyn	72	75	.490
Pittsburg	64	83	.435
Cincinnati	58	89	.394

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At New York1; Boston 7.
2nd: New York 7; Boston 7. (8 innings.)
At Philadelphia 1; Brooklyn 2.
At Pittsburg 0; St. Louis 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Boston at New York.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.

New York, Sept. 30.—Boston celebrated its first day as National League champions by defeating New York, the former title holder, in one game and holding it to an eight-inning tie in the second game. The scores were 7 to 1 and 7 to 7.

In the first game Rudolph held New York safe at all stages. In the second game New York fought a hard uphill fight and tied the score after the new champions had piled up a seven-run lead. The hitting of Connelly featured. In the two games he hit four singles and a double and two triples.

First Game—Tabulated Scores.

Boston:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Moran, r f	3	2	1	0	0	0
Evers, 2-b	3	2	1	1	3	0
Connolly, l f	5	1	4	1	0	0
Whitted, c f	4	0	0	3	0	0
Schmidt, 1-b	4	0	0	10	0	1
Smith, 3-b	4	1	0	2	3	0
Maranville, s s	3	0	0	3	3	0
Gowdy, c	4	0	3	7	1	0
Rudolph, p	3	1	0	0	3	0
Totals	33	7	9	27	13	1

New York:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Bescher, l f	3	0	1	2	0	1
Doyle, 2-b	4	0	1	1	7	0
Burns, r f	3	0	2	1	0	1
Johnson, c	1	0	0	1	1	0
Fletcher, s s	4	0	0	6	8	1
Snodgrass, c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Grant, 3-b	3	0	0	0	3	1
Merkle, 1-b	3	0	0	10	0	0
Meyers, c	2	0	1	3	2	0
Thorpe, r f	1	1	0	0	0	0
Tesreau, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Schauer, p	3	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	30	1	6	27	24	4

Boston .....130 300 000—7
New York .....000 001 000—1

Summary: First base on errors, Boston 1; two base hits Evers; three base hits Connolly (2); sacrifice hit, Maranville, Rudolph; sacrifice fly Bescher; stolen bases, Moran, Burns and Gowdy; left on base, New York 3, Boston 8; double play Smith, Evers and Schmidt; base on balls off Tesreau 3, off Schauer 4; struck out by Schauer 2, Rudolph 5; passed ball Gowdy; hits off Tesreau 3 in 2 innings, off Schauer 6 in 7 innings; time 1:50; umpires Klem and Emslie.

(Game called on account of darkness.)

*—Batted for Whaling eighth inning.
**—Batted for Devore in eighth inning.
—Batter for Mathewson in third inning. *—Batted for Marquard in eighth inning.

Second Game.

Boston:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Moran, r f	4	0	2	1	0	1
Evers, 2-b	3	2	1	1	2	0
Connolly, l f	4	3	3	1	0	0
Whitted, c f	4	0	1	5	0	0
Schmidt, 1-b	4	0	2	8	0	0
Smith, 3-b	3	1	1	0	1	0
Maranville, s s	2	0	2	3	2	0
Whaling, c	3	1	1	5	2	0
* Devore	0	0	0	0	0	0
** Mann	1	0	0	0	0	0
Gowdy, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Strand, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Crutcher, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	32	7	13	24	9	1

New York:—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Bescher, l f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2-b	4	1	1	4	3	0
Burns, r f	4	1	1	2	1	1
Fletcher, s s	4	2	2	2	4	0
Snodgrass, c f	3	0	1	1	0	0
Stock, 3-b	3	2	1	3	4	1
Merkle, 1-b	4	1	2	9	1	0
Meyers, c	3	0	1	2	4	0
Mathewson, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
*** Thorpe	1	0	0	0	0	0
O'Toole, p	2	0	2	0	1	0
Marquard, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
**** Robertson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	7	11	24	18	2

Boston .....232 010 00—7
New York .....000 034 00—7

Summary: First base on errors, Boston 1, New York 1; two base hits, Connolly, Whitted, Costello, Stock; sacrifice hit, Granville; sacrifice fly Meyers; stolen bases, Crutcher, Merkle; left on bases, New York 5, Boston 5; base on balls off Mathewson 1, O'Toole 1, Crutcher 1; struck out, by O'Toole 1, by Strand 2; passed ball, Whaling; hits off Mathewson 9 in 3 innings, off O'Toole 4 in 4 (none out in eighth), off Marquard none in one inning; off Strand 7 in 5 1-3 innings, off Crutcher 4 in 2 2-3 innings. Time 1:50. Umpires Klem and Emslie.

GROVER CLEVELAND'S STRING BROKEN IN BY DODGERS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 30.—Alexander's winning streak was broken today when Brooklyn defeated Philadelphia 2 to 1. Brooklyn scored both of its runs through Alexander throwing too late to force out a runner at third base and then forcing in a run by giving Pfeffer a base on balls.

Brooklyn .....020 000 000—2 4 0
Philadelphia .....000 000 100—1 5 3

Pfeffer and McCarty; Alexander and Killifer.

ST. LOUIS TOOK FINAL FROM PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Sept. 30.—St. Louis shut Pittsburg out 1 to 0 today in the last game of the season between these teams. Miller decided the contest in the sixth inning by a home run.

St. Louis .....000 001 000—1 8 0
Pittsburg .....000 000 000—0 3 0

Doak and Snyder; Cooper and Schang.

Princeton, N. J., Sept. 30.—Princeton's football players will be numbered in the games this season game. Large numbers will be sewed on the backs of the players jerseys. Spectators will be given lists carrying the names and numbers of the men.

FIRST GAME IN WORLD SERIES IN PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 9.

Two Games Will be Played There First.

NAME ELIGIBLE PLAYERS

The Flip of a Coin Gave Philadelphia First Two Games—In Boston, Monday and Tuesday, 12th and 13th.

Philadelphia, Sept. 30.—The first two games between the Philadelphia Americans and the Boston Nationals for the baseball championship will be played in Philadelphia on October 9 and 10 and the third and fourth in Boston October 12 and 13. The fifth game will be played in Philadelphia, on October 14, and the next in Boston, October 15, if more games are necessary to decide the series.

This was decided here today at a meeting of the National Baseball Commission.

As heretofore four games must be won by a club to claim the championship. In the event of a seventh game the toss of a coin after the sixth contest will decide whether the seventh shall be played in Boston or Philadelphia. In case of a tie or postponement the clubs will remain in the city where the game was scheduled until it is decided.

Eligible Players.

Players eligible to participate in the series are:

Boston—Catch, Cocreham, Connolly, Cottrell, Crutcher, Davis, Deal, Devore, Dugey, Evers, Gilbert, Gowdy, Hess, James, Maranville, Mann, Martin, Mitchell, Moran, Rudolph, Schmidt, Smith, Strand, Tyler, Whaling and Whitted.

Philadelphia—Baker, Barry, Bender, Brassiar, Bush, Collins, Coombs, Davies, Davis, Kopf, Lapp, McAvo, McInnes, Murphy, Oldring, Pennock, Plank, Schang, Shawkey, Strunk, Thomas, Thompson, Walsh, Wyckoff.

All three members of the national commission were present. The Boston club was represented by President Gaffney and Philadelphia by President Shibe and Connie Mack.

"Flipping the Coin."

The the time came to decide where to first two games were to be played, Chairman Herrmann, of the National Commission, flapped a silver dollar and Mr. Gaffney called "tail." The coin dropped head up and Connie Mack with a smile said: "Philadelphia 9 and 10."

Press Arrangements.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 30. —Joe S. Jackson, of Detroit, president of the Baseball Writers' Association, stated tonight that all matters conneced with the press box during the coming world's series would be in charge of Joseph M. McCready, of Philadelphia, for Shibe Park and Ralph E. McMillen, of Boston for Fenway Field. Each is the representative of the Writers' Association in his city.

Mr. Jackson said appolications for tickets must be made to these men personally, as the press box will be in the hands of the association. There will be no press courtesies, except for actural workers.

Pittsfield, Mass., Sept. 30.—In district court today $1,000 damages were awarded Wilfred Genest, of this city, against James Curry, of Hartford, for injuries received in a professional baseball game. In sliding to second Genest was spiked by Curry and his leg broken. He has been unable to play baseball since.

FOOTBALL SCORES.

At Columbia, S. C.: University of S. C., 30; Charleston Navy Yard 7.
At Ann Arbor: Michigan 58; Depau 0.

The Greatest Dime's Worth

One fourth more pure, strong Concentrated Lye for Ten Cents in Mendleson's Big Twenty-Ounce Can of Solid Lye.

Other cans give you only sixteen ounces for your dime.

Every can warranted full strength, no adulterants, no fillers—just pure Concentrated Lye for every use. Three cans for a quarter.

Sixteen ounces of Powdered Lye for a dime instead of the twelve ounce can of other powdered lye.

MENDLESON'S LYE--
MOST ECONOMICAL

Mendleson's Twenty-Ounce Can will saponify eight pounds of grease, making the best hard or soft soap—and that's more than any other ten cent can will do. Every can gives full directions for soap making, exact measurements, how long to boil.

Concentrated Lye is one of the handiest articles in the household or on the farm. A use for it every day. Cheapest and best cleanser and disinfectant; for washing woodwork, cleaning kitchen furniture, scrubbing floors; for sinks and drains. Used in treating hogs and caring for poultry. For every use you get best results, most economically from

MENDLESON'S LYE--
PURE AND STRONG

A dime invested in a Twenty-Ounce Can of MENDLESON'S LYE brings proof of better value. Remember the name—MENDLESON'S—and buy it of the following dealers:

WHOLESALE DEALERS:

J. A. TAYLOR ..... Wilmington, N. C.
HALL & PEARSALL ..... Wilmington, N. C.
THE STONE CO ..... Wilmington, N. C.
THE WORTH CO ..... Wilmington, N. C.
SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SON ..... Wilmington, N. C.
McNAIR & PEARSALL ..... Wilmington, N. C.
D. L. GORE CO ..... Wilmington, N. C.
HEYER BROS ..... Wilmington, N. C.
A. B. CROOM, JR. ..... Wilmington, N. C.
J. W. BROOKS ..... Wilmington, N. C.
WINSTEAD PRODUCE CO ..... Wilmington, N. C.
G. A. ANDERSON ..... Wilmington, N. C.
AHRENS BROS. (Wholesale Druggists) ... Wilmington, N. C.

RETAIL DEALERS:

SAM BLOSSOM ..... Castle Hayne, N. C.

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There are clothes and clothes, and prices run in wide range.

But the wise man—he who means that the value of his dollar shall ENDURE — will come here and let us outfit him with

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This is not mere talk. It is sound BUSINESS. And it is based upon our extended knowledge that STEIN-BLOCH clothes are the best a man can buy, dollar for dollar.

The largest line of Boys' and Children's Suits in the City.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

ANTS ANTS ANTS

Do you wish to get rid of the pestiferous ants?

We have a fresh supply of HOODOO Ant Paper and Thunderbolt.

A trial will convince you of their efficacy. 15 cents for the Ant Paper and 25 cents for the Thunderbolt. No advance in the prices on account of the War in Europe.

We are WHOLESALE and RETAIL sellers of Shepard's Fly Destroyers and ALL OTHER preparations manufactured by the Shepard Chemical Co.

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In addition to the beautful Piano, one of the BEST on the market, we have many SILVER pieces, knives, forks and spoons, and FOUR GOLD Watches to be distributed in the meantime.

Get your club together, and win some of these beautiful gifts.

They are worth HAVING and WORTH WORKING for.

Don't FORGET to ask for your votes whenever you make a CASH Purchase.

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Ar. St. Louis	7:18pm	7:18pm	7:45am

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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1914.

Our old friend Myth seems to have some way of getting by every censor in Europe.

Cotton consumers' clubs are being organized. Will they declare against bargain sales?

After awhile, perhaps, we will be asked to urge the holders to sell a bale at 10 cents.

When people get to be unanimous on everything, there will be no use for policemen and armies.

Looks as if neither side can win unless one side can get reinforcements before the other side can.

Pull for Wilmington! Don't let some of the destroyed cities of Europe build up faster than Wilmington.

If the Italians go to war and send their troops up into the cold war zone, they are sure to take sciatica.

War news: "Both sides make gains in ground. Battle line remains the same." Probably swapping ground.

Evidently some of those who draw the maps, drew on their imagination in fixing the position of the battle array.

A sinuous, concatenated tissue of falsehoods, is just a little more polite than to say "a systematic network of lies."

If the censor cuts out unfavorable news, it must be inferred that a lot of news is too bad for newspapers to publish.

The people seem to be taking the lead. It would look funny to see the leaders trying to catch up with the people.

Probably each army thinks it is meeting with success, so long as it manages to keep out of the hands of the enemy.

A few days ago we saw a rule for pronouncing European war names, but we have never seen a rule explanining the rule.

Even some newspapers believe the yarn that there is a projectile which explodes and smothers a whole regiment of soldiers. Next!

Correspondents seem to be giving credit to Mr. Andrew Carnegie for a different opinion every few days on the European war and its causes.

We tried to refer to a Russian general by name, but the linotypist pied one end of it in a manner that made correction of the proof wholly unnecessary.

The Russians report the retreat of the Austrians every few days, hence it is inferred that the Russians turn the Austrians loose every now and then so they can retreat.

For once fear overtook the South. It was fear that cotton would not sell at 10 cents. Later on we will be afraid to take 10 for fear the price may go to 12 cents. We hope it will.

One of our exchanges contains propositions from ten correspondents offering solutions for the cotton crisis. Everybody fails to pay any attention to the one practical plan which makes cotton a bankable asset. Why beat all around the bush?

Says the Jacksonville Times Union: "Some men wouldn't take their hands out of their pockets long enough to shake hands with the President of the United States." Same way with others who can't spare the time to take their hands out of other peoples' pockets.

Did you ever make a study of European intrigue and chicanery? It is called diplomacy. Some of its secrets would disclose the reason for international distrust, enmity and histility. The United States has had the misfortune at times to be made the goat of the wily diplomats.

SAVING THE SOUTH AND SAVING THE SOUTH'S COTTON.

Plans for saving the South's cotton have been threshed over by "cotton conferences," "cotton congresses" and the like, but the main difficulty is that none of the plans most likely to accomplish the result have been adopted throughout the cotton belt. The conference of governors, congressmen, and cotton men held at Washington this week, found itself a divided house, and it adjourned without agreement upon a plan of action. The reason is that no feasible plan was proposed among all that were suggested. There were wild-cat ideas a plenty, and there is no wonder that everybody was glad to leave and come home.

The trouble about every one of the plans which have been more or less approved, is that there was no organized effort in the states to carry them out. The one practical, business-like plan was that agreed upon in the conference with Secretary McAdoo in Washington, but everybody went home and began to discuss other plans and buy railroad tickets to everybody's conference. If, on the contrary, each state had been organized along that one line, the solution would have been reached. Different plans only confused the situation, but meanwhile communities which went right ahead and followed the McAdoo cotton conference plan, now have no crisis in their midst. They settled it, and it is strange that the South as a whole has failed to observe the undisputed facts in the case.

We have been trying to save the South's cotton crop, and it is quite likely that we will have to suspend that work and try to save the South—save it from some of the legislative solutions being sprung for a warehouse system and laws to compel and enforce curtailment of acreage. Over in South Carolina several kinds of legislation are proposed for action by the legislature. There is no use to go into them here, but it is worth while to take from the Charleston News and Courier this bit of warning:

"All of the items on the legislative programme upon which Senator John L. McLaurin and Representative W. F. Stevenson are said to have agreed are radical in their nature. Not one of them can safely be adopted in the absence of careful scrutiny. The people of South Carolina are, we think, for the most part in favor of a warehouse scheme, but its details ought to be worked out very carefully indeed. A drastic change in our banking system and legislation restricting the acreage of cotton are proposals so heroic that the burden must rest upon their proponents of establishing the absolute wisdom and necessity of such action."

There is no need of any complicated, confusing, law-burdened warehouse scheme. It is well enough to have a general charter act for a warehouse system, devoid of restrictions, but based on common business sense, yet the likelihood is that with a great many cooks messing around in different states, the broth will be spoiled. Incorporated warehouse companies, to be organized on a system acceptable to the Secretary of the Treasury and the banking institutions of the country, and warehouses constructed on plans which will be approved by the insurance companies, will provide a way for all future emergencies.

Any warehouse plan which will not make cotton a banking asset, or will not make its certificates a lien on cotton stored, so they can be converted into collateral and transferable commercial paper, will prove to be an abortion pure and simple. Common sense and caution, it seems to us, will accomplish something, but we read of legislative schemes that would lead to endless litigation and which would never get by any court in the land.

WHO FRAMED THE AMENDMENTS.

While we are considering the proposed constitutional amendments which the voters of North Carolina will ratify or reject at the ballot box a month hence, it is just as well that we note who it was that proposed, framed and submitted them to the people.

First of all, some fifteen amendments were proposed by various members of the General Assembly, in bills introduced during the regular session of 1913. These, with others proposed by members of the Constitutional Commission making probably a score of amendments, all told, were considered for weeks during the summer by the commission, which also took under consideration the entire Constitution as it now stands, to decide what, if any, amendments ought to be made other than those already proposed. This commission was composed of the following members, appointed on authority of a resolution of the General Assembly:

By the Governor—A. M. Scales, Guilford county, lawyer and insurance man; J. W. Bailey, Wake, lawyer and former editor of the Biblical Recorder; N. J. Rouse, Lenoir, lawyer and banker; H. Q. Alexander, Mecklenburg, farmer and president of the State Farmers' Union; D. Y. Cooper, Vance, cotton manufacturer.

By the President of the Senate—E. L. Daughtridge, Edgecombe, farmer and merchant; A. D. Ward, Craven, lawyer and farmer; H. W. Stubbs, Martin, lawyer; T. M. Washington, Wilson, farmer and tobacconist; A. D. Ivie, Rockingham, lawyer; A. T. Grant, Davie, lawyer.

By the Speaker of the House—George W. Connor, Wilson, lawyer; E. J. Justice, Guilford, lawyer; H. A. Page, Moore, farmer and former railroad builder and owner; W. A. Devin, Granville, lawyer; Chas. S. Wallace, Carteret, fisherman and merchant; E. R. Wooten, Lenoir, lawyer; R. R. Williams, Buncombe, lawyer; R. F. Haymore, Surry, lawyer and farmer.

All these are men of integrity and of exceptional intelligence, and constitute a body of varied interests and political faiths.

After this body of earnest and patriotic men had completed their work with thoroughness, zeal and painstaking care, the amendments which the commission had agreed upon (fourteen in number instead of ten as inadvertently stated in a previous editorial), were submitted to the General Assembly, composed, as every school boy knows, of fifty senators and a hundred and twenty representatives elected by the people, and that body, in extraoridnary session, spent much time considering them, one at the time, section by section and line by line, finally eliminating four and adopting ten. The vote in the House was 80 to 14 and in the Senate 32 to 3. In the Senate, out of 47 Democrats, two voted against the amendment bill on final passage and out of three Republicans one voted against it. In the House, out of 102 Democrats only five voted against it, out of 13 Republicans seven voted against it and out of five Progressives, two voted against it.

Few measures, if any, of great importance, have ever passed the General Assembly by votes so nearly unanimous. The unanimity was due largely to the fact that the amendments had been so carefully and so thoroughly worked over that objections had been reduced to a minimum.

THE "LEE COUNTY PLAN."

It seems to have been conceded by most thoughtful men who have studied the situation that no plan will amount to more than a temporary solution of the cotton problem without curtailment of acreage next year, but the question is, "How is the desired curtailment to be secured?" It is easy to say that it is up to the individual farmer to curtail his acreage as a matter of self-interest and self-protection, and this is partly true, but curtailment by a few individuals or even by a considerable number here and there will not prove adequate so far as the permanent solution of the problem is concerned. If half the farmers should curtail their acreage 50 per cent from this year's crop and the other half planted as much cotton as they had this year, or more, it would amount at best to not more than an aggregate curtailment of 25 per cent, and the farmers who did not reduce their acreage would share the benefits equally with those who did curtail, while the latter would receive only half the benefits to which their reduction entitled them. In brief, to make any curtailment plan effective, it must be applied to or by approximately all the cotton growers of all the Southern states.

Federal and state legislation to restrict cotton acreage by taxing excess production or otherwise has been staunchly advocated, but there is no prospect now that either Congress or any state legislature is going to take action to that end, chiefly because skilled lawyers pronounce the plan unconstitutional, and at best its legality under national and state constitutions is an open question.

About the only plan thus far advanced that appears to be practical and about which there seems to be no question of legality is the "Lee County Plan," which provides a contract between farmers to limit production to ten acres of cotton to the mule, or plow, and makes it legal and enforceable by injunction, by incorporating a county association of 75 per cent of the farmers, with the right to establish branch associations in all other counties of the state on the application of 75 per cent of the farmers of the county, thus avoiding the expense and delay of incorporating in more than one county in a state. Skilled lawyers are said to pronounce the plan absolutely constitutional.

The "Buy-a-Bale" committee of Atlanta has endorsed the plan in a letter to the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, and the work of organizing the counties of Georgia will probably be on with a rush.

The "Lee County Plan" will be presented to the delegates to the Southeastern Food Crops Conference, which the Georgia Chamber of Commerce and the commissioner of agriculture of Georgia have called to meet in Atlanta October 5 and 6, and it is hoped that the plan will be adopted for all of the Southeastern cotton states.

It is believed that the plan, which was endorsed by the Georgia Chamber of Commerce at its annual meeting in Macon, recently and which was named the "Lee County Plan" because the basic idea originated in Lee county, Ga., where the farmers are now being organized, with a charter applied for, will prove to be the solution of the South's cotton problem in the end.

THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE LENDS A HAND.

Any plan which will increase the demand for cotton goods or commodities manufactured from cotton will increase the consumption of the raw staple. Just now a popular movement of that kind has been inaugurated in Washington by the wives and daughters of Cabinet officials, senators and members of Congress. They are urging the women of America to wear more cotton clothing and are doing publicity work to get the movement under way. They are enlisting strong support of their plans, and among those who are helping them to push the good work along is the Atlantic Coast Line.

The movement has favorably commended itself to Passenger Traffic Manager W. J. Craig, Freight Traffic Manager James Mensies and Fourth Vice-President R. A. Brand. The traffic department of the Atlantic Coast Line is sending out thousands of circulars signed by those gentlemen and they are of a character to arouse wide and practical interest and work in furthering the movement. The Coast Line's circular of hearty endorsement is sent to all the agents along the entire system, in all the South Atlantic States.

The movement of the Washington ladies will popularize cotton fabrics for wearing apparel and thus the demand for cotton textiles will be increased. It will furnish business for the cotton mills and bring about an increase of the consumption of raw coton.

The Star already has endorsed this movement and hopes to see it spread. Yet there are other means to increasing the consumption of cotton by creating a demand for commodities made of cotton. Only a few days ago we called attention to the fact that if we could substitute heavy cotton bag material for jute cloth for making bags, it would mean the consumption of 300,000 bales of cotton in addition to the ordinary consumption of our Southern mills. It is quite apparent that all these movements would not only help the coton growing industry, but would bring about the manufacture of probably $50,000,000 more of cotton products by our mills.

One of the most dastardly deeds ever done by North Carolina education was that which made a good newspaper man like C. Poe a "Doctor."—Columbia State.—And so say we all;

CURRENT COMMENT.

In the recently reported case of Cox vs. the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company the judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina were unanimously of the opinion that the Atlantic Coast Line is a North Carolina corporation and consequently not entitled to remove its cases to the Federal Court. The differentce between the justices was that Justices Walker and Brown were of opinion that, under a very recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, the State court has no jurisdiction to pass on that question, but it was exclusively a matter for the Federal courts to determine.—Raleigh News and Observer.

If there ever came to the farmers an opportunity to demonstrate to a critical world that they have the inherent capacity to stick together that opportunity is at hand. It is nothing to their credit, either individually or as an aggregation, that public opinion holds it an almost impossible task for the farmers to keep together in an organization through which they can accomplish desirable ends. No wonder then that in the present crisis, the gravest the Southern farmer has contemplated in half a century, this same general sentiment fears that the planter will lose the essential benefits of co-operation through a pulling apart and a severance of mutual interest. It no more becomes the Southern farmer to adopt a strict plan of co-operation at this moment of marketing the crop of this season than it does to unite upon plans for the production of the next. It is imperative that a sensible platform be adopted and lived up to. When conditions are so apparent in the cotton trade—conditions that ought to improve gradually, but none too hurriedly for the best development of the South—so manifestly out of gear as to demand Nation-wide attention, the farmer must look to his own resources for succor and by calling these resources into service on a unified basis, there is no reason the situation can not be solved successfully.—Charlotte Observer.

The adjournment of the New Orleans cotton conference without any agreement upon a plan of action is not surprising. The governors and congressmen who met yesterday to consider the situation knew that their duties and obligations would not end with the passing of resolutions. It is very easy to say that "Congress ought to pass a law," or "the State ought to pass a law," but while our statute books are monuments to the ease with which such suggestions can usually be carried into effect, men of responsibility know that there are some limitations to the powers of legislatures. The goverors and congressmen at New Orleans seem to have been pretty well agreed that curtailment of acreage is absolutely necessary. Nearly everybody thinks that. But it appears that the governors wanted Congress to do the curtailing, while the congressmen were of the opinion that it was up to the governors to put the State legislatures to work upon the job. The fact it that the difficulties in the way of enacting legislation of the sort proposed are very grave, because such legislation flies in the fact of the theory of government under which the affairs of this country have so far been conducted. The chances of such legislation, as The News and Courier has been saying repeatedly, are very remote. It will never do to depend upon the government to rescue us from the danger of overproduction in 1015. Even were laws enacted they would be extremely difficult of enforcement. The wise thing is to bend our energies with all haste in the direction of assisting the small farmers throughout the coton belt to restrict their cotton acreage next year by showing them individually how and why they should plant other crops.—Charleston News and Courier.

Start your Savings account with the new interest quarter October 1st and 2nd at the American National Bank. (adveftisement.) 3t

Blood Remedy Sustains World

Myriads Have Learned of Its Remarkable Curative Value.

From the very fact that S. S. S., the famous blood purifier is a natural medicine, it is opposed by those who can not give up mercury and other dangerous drugs. Habit is a strange master. Afflicted people use mercury with a blind force of habit. Not warned by the rheumatism they see all around them, unmindful of the locomotor ataxia, paralysis and other dreaded results of mineral poisoning, they cling to the fast disappearing treatment so surely and positively being replaced by S. S. S., wherever the light strikes in. S. S. S. is fast becoming the world's panacea for all blood troubles because it is welcome to a weak stomach, is taken naturally into the blood, is a wave of purifying influence known by its remarkable curative results, and is the standby of a host of people.

It goes into the blood and remains a strong medicinal influence to the end and this without any other effect than that of a purely cleansing property.

It is the most universally recommended blood remedy known, and has sustained its reputation for half a century. Its ingredients are Nature's definite antidotes for germs that create our worst afflictions. Get a bottle today of any druggist. Refuse all substitutes. Write the medical department, The Swift Specific Co., 62 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for free advice on blood troubles, and how to overcome them. This department is one of the finest helps to men to be found anywhere, and it is entirely free.

Oysters! Oysters!! Oysters! Oysters!!

ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT

EVERGLADE CAFE

—113 Princess Street—

RUN BY AMERICANS.

Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.

Open Day and Night

SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McLEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 154.

WILSON — The greatest man in the United States.

WILSON — The greatest heaters in the WORLD.

For Sale Only by

CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

September 29 and 30

FALL MILLINERY OPENING

AT

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY'S

Big Department Store

WE FEEL PROUD OF OUR DISPLAY

Come and see what you think about it

210-212-214 North Front St.

FINAL CLEAN UP SALE ON LOW SHOES

LADIES	LADIES
$4.00 Lot Walking Pumps and Colonials $2.48	One lot, sizes 1 to 2½ 97c
$3.50 Lot Evening Slippers; all colors $2.48	$5.00 and $4.00 Tan Button Boots . . $2.98
$4.00 Velvet Pumps, only $1.98	$4.00 Colonial Pumps, only $3.15
$4.00 Patent Leather Oxfords $1.98	All Children's Slippers at Great Reductions.

Every Low Shoe in House Reduced. Plenty of Time to Wear Low Shoes.

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT.

SCHOOL SHOES

The kind that will stand the rough and tumble wear that every girl and boy gives their Shoes.

SKUFFERS
EDUCATORS
—and—
AMERICAN BOY

and Many Other Well Known Makes.

—AT—

PETERSON AND RULFS

"THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES."

COAST LINE BOOSTS THE WASHINGTON PLAN

Urges More General Use of Cotton Goods for Clothing

Circular Letters Mailed Out to Agents Over Entire System Yesterday, Asking Their Co-operation and Support.

The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, through its officials, is heartily supporting the movement originating in Washington to urge a more general use of cotton goods for clothing purposes as a means of stimulating the production and sale of more cotton cloth, and which movement has the support of the wives of the Cabinet officers and other ladies in Administration circles.

Circular letters signed by Mr. R. A. Brand, fourth vice president; Mr. W. J. Craig, passenger traffic manager, and Mr. James Menzies, freight traffic manager, were mailed out to the Coast Line agents over the entire system yesterday, calling their attention to the movement and urging that they use every means in their power to further its success, and bring it to the attention of their local newspapers, their business acquaintances and personal friends.

Supporters of the movement are urging that during the week beginning October 5th, everyone co-operate by purchasing all the cotton goods they can find use for, it being felt that by this means of stimulating the manufacture and sale of the South's principal staple, much good will result in the critical times at hand, and that money otherwise stagnant will be brought back into circulation.

The active steps taken by the Coast Line officials to encourage the movement will doubtless have a far-reaching effect over the entire system, and will be the direct means of adding many supporters to the cause.

The letter mailed out from headquarters here yesterday to the A. C. L. agents is as follows:

"Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 29, 1914.

"To Agents Atlantic Coast Line Railroad:

"A movement originating in Washington, D. C., supported by the wives of Cabinet officers, and other ladies, has been inaugurated with the view of stimulating the sale of cotton goods during the week beginning October 5th.

"It is felt that such an effort will have a far-reaching effect in promoting the sale of the products of our principal staple; that it will cause merchants to buy increased supplies, and thereby stimulate the manufacture and the sale of cotton, and that money otherwise stagnant will thus be brought back into circulation.

"Such a movement, as indicated above, meets the approval of this company, and agents and other officials or employes are earnestly requested to lend their hearty support to the scheme, and to secure therefor the co-operation of newspapers, merchants and other business men in their respective communities.

"This is one practical method of assisting ourselves, at a time when aid is necessary, and of developing a market for goods which we ourselves produce.

"Please use every means in your power to make this movement a success, and urge assistance from your local newspapers, your business people and your personal friends.

"JAMES MENZIES,
"Freight Traffic Manager.
"W. J. CRAIG,
"Passenger Traffic Manager.
"R. A. BRAND,
"Fourth Vice President."

BEN COTTLE FAILLE TO APPEAR FOR TRIAL

Forfeited $200 Bond and is Said to Have Left Wilmington.

Ben Cottle, the young druggist, who was charged with violating the prohibition law, failed to appear yesterday at noon when the case was called by Justice Harriss and his cash bond of $200, which was furnished by his grandmother, was declared forfeited. It was reported that he left Wilmington Tuesday and that he was yesterday in a Southern city 300 miles from Wilmington.

It is freely predicted by those who know Cottle that he will now stay away from Wilmington. He was last year sent to the county roads for 12 months on a charge of violating the prohibition law, but through the influence of friends was pardoned last spring before he had completed his sentence. He returned to the city and was apparently doing well until several weeks ago when he was arrested on charges of violating the prohibition law and gambling.

He submitted to the charge of gambling in Superior Court and paid the costs. When the case was called in Justice Harriss' court two of the witnesses failed to appear and the case was not pressed. However, the witnesses returned to the city this week and Cottle was again jailed but was able later to give bond.

Walter Rivenbark, one of the witnesses in the case, was arrested here Tuesday on a capias and was placed in the county jail. After the time set for the trial yesterday of Cottle, Rivenbark was agin arrested on a capias from the Superior Court in which he was charged with having failed to appear for trial in a case against him for alleged gambling. His bond was fixed at $25, which he was unable to give and went to jail.

REV. H. F. ELLINWOOD DEAD.

Pastor of Presbyterian Church at Hamlet Died Sunday.

Friends in Wilmington have learned with regret of the death of Rev. Henry F. Ellinwood, pastor of Hamlet Presbyterian church, who died suddenly at that place Sunday morning. He had been ill for a few days, but his illness was not considered serious. The funeral was conducted from the Presbyterian church by Rev. Dr. J. M. Rose, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Laurinburg. The body accompanied by his wife and friends was taken to Newburyport, Mass., for interment.

Mr. Ellinwood was born in Pembroke, N. Y., and was 48 years old. He was a graduate of Williams College, Williamstown, Mass., and of Andover Theological Seminary. He held several pastorates in New York state, but had to give up preaching several years ago on account of his poor health. After spending some time in the Bahama islands he came to Hamlet, where he had served as pastor for several yers.

ANNUAL MOVING DAY HERE

Transfer Wagons Will be Busy Today Getting Families Established in New Quarters.

From early morn until late tonight the transfer companies in Wilmington will be busy today moving families into new quarters for be it known to outsiders that this is annual moving day for the City by the Sea. However, in order to avoid the rush many families began moving the first of the week and are already domiciled in new homes. But this is the big day and by far the larger number will move today, if they can secure a means of getting their household goods packed and moved into their new places of abode.

Opinions differ as to whether or not there will be more moving this year than usual, though it is generally agreed that it is about normal. Some of the renting agents say that they have had more calls than usual, while others say that there is not so much moving this year as in years past, considering the increased population of the city.

Practically all the desirable residences of the better class have been rented. The biggest demand has been for small cottages, but these are scarce. One agent stated yesterday that he could rent 25 houses of this type, if he had them. There are many people who now occupy houses that are shared with another family who would like to be by themselves, if they could do so with only a slight increase in the rent.

There seems to be a tendency also to move into suburban homes. Many of those moving today are going to the suburbs. On the other hand there are families who after a year or so in the outer edge of the city prefer to be nearer the center of things and are moving back today.

Building the past year seems to have been about normal, though not so much in the last month or so as during the previous months. There have been a large number of pretty residences built and others are now being constructed.

There has been no increase in rents except where there have been improvments. The depression in business seems to have had no effect in decreasing rents as owners feel that the charges are now at a minimum.

So far as could be learned yesterday conditions seem to be about normal. Always there are many families who move, some because they have gotten into the habit of moving once a year, others because they either want a better house or seek a cheaper location.

At the present time there is little inducement for people from a distance to move to Wilmington and there is perhaps a less demand for houses from outsiders than in some time past.

The burden of moving falls heaviest on the busy housewife, whose presence is needed at both ends of the line. She cannot be in the old home and in the new one, both at the same time, but does the best she can by dividing her time between them. The man of the house will steal a few hours away from his business today and will render what assistance he can in getting things straight. Altogether today promises to be the busiest day with a great many people than has been the case with them for some time.

The spirit of the day is evidenced in many of the business houses and in the offices, where the occupants are busy in cleaning up and putting things in order for the new year. In some cases a fresh coat of paint has been applied and this also applies to residences, though the painting has not been as general as one could have desired.

TO SPEAK IN PENDER.

Hon. Geo. E. Hood Here on Way To Appointments in County.

Hon. Geo. E. Hood, of Goldsboro, arrived in the city last evening on his way to several points in Pender county where he has appointments to speak in his canvass on the Democratic ticket as nominee for Congress from the Third District. Mr. Hood is not unknown in Wilmington, where he has a host of personal friends, many of whom called on him last evening at The Orton, where he is stopping.

This morning Mr. Hood goes to Currie, N. C., where he has appointment to speak, continuing his itinerary to Atkinson and speaking there tonight. Friday he will speak during the day at Long Creek and Friday night at Piney Woods. On Saturday morning he will speak at Maple Hill, and at night he will be joined by Jos. W. Little, Esq., of this city, and they will speak that night at Rocky Point. Monday Mr. Little and Mr. Hood will speak at Burgaw, this being the "first Monday" when there is always a large crowd at the county seat. Mr. Hood is making a thorough canvass of his district and speaks in the most confident terms of the outlook in the Third at the general election in November.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SMITH.

Services Held From Residence of Daughter Yesterday Afternoon.

Attended by many sorrowing friends and relatives the funeral of Mrs. Mary Ann Smith, who died Tuesday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. J. Morris, No. 121 South Sixth street, was conducted from the residence yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist church, of which the deceased was for many years a faithful and devoted member.

There was a profusion of floral offerings. A quartette composed of Mrs. W. B. Muse, Miss Lila Williams and Messrs. Alex Holden and Arthur Dosher sang several selections. The interment was in Oakdale cemetery.

The pallbearers were Dr. A. N. Baldwin and Messrs. Geo. W. Bishop, J. H. Taylor, Jr., William M. Hays, Sr., S. F. Yopp and C. R. Yopp.

Lightship Buras Searchlight.

In order that the people of the city might have an opportunity to see what a light of a lightship is like, Captain Henrickson, of Frying Pan lightship, No. 94, which is being overhauled here by the Wilmington Iron Works, kept the big light working from 8 until 10 o'clock last night. Unfortunately a fall full moon was also shining brightly overhead and this had a tendency to obscure the lesser light. The big light, however, is large enough so that a man engaged in cleaning off the globe looked like an insect at a distance of a few hundred yards.

Current Off at Noon.

The current on the Tidewater Power Company's electric light and motor service will be cut off for a few minutes today at noon, in order to allow several necessary changes at the power house. The current will be turned off promptly at 12 o'clock, and will only be off for a few minutes, as it will require a very short time to make the required changes.

CHARGES TIDEWATER WITH VOTE BUYING

Councilman Wood Likens Co. to Scared Jack Rabbit

Council Urged to Take Steps to Prevent Violations of Election Laws in the Approaching Franchise Election.

Charges that the Tidewater Power Company was buying votes in the franchise fight and that it was hiring professional politicians to work for its interests were made by Councilman T. W. Wood at the weekly meeting of Council yesterday, when he took occasion to urge that the body take steps to prevent any violations of the election laws. The Tidewater, Councilman Wood declared, reminded him of a badly scared jack rabbit.

Councilman Wood condemned in no uncertain terms the methods which he stated he had been informed the Tidewater was using in its fight to influence public opinion on the franchise election. He declared that Council ought to take action to stop the alleged buying of votes and to prosecute those who might be found guilty of the practice.

Mr. Wood said that he understood that last Saturday afternoon 35 or 40 men were lined up in front of the Tidewater offices, and that they were men who do not work for nothing. When Councilman Loughlin pointed out that they might be some of the 100 white laborers the Tidewater had advertised for to work on the Oakdale car line extension, Mr. Wood pointed out that the advertisement did not first appear until late Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Wood expressed the hope that the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Company would not stoop to any such methods in its efforts to have the franchise granted by Council ratified by the voters.

"Just because the Tidewater has the money—got it easy," he declared, "is no reason why the company should spend a portion of it in this election. Why doesn't it come and pay the city what it owes us on paving? And the company ought to pay more in taxes. We get nothing out of them."

Councilman Merritt remarked that the Tidewater was paying more than $12,000 in city taxes, and Mr. Wood declared that he did not know how they figured this amount. Councilman Loughlin interposed that it was true nevertheless, the amount including real estate and all other property. Mr. Wood remarked that he paid over $500 in taxes, and claimed that this was more in proportion than the Tidewater paid.

"Yet the Tidewater claims to have the interests of the city at heart," he declared. "There is nothing to it. They are after the money, and we are contributing to watered stock."

Referring to the attitude of the Tidewater in the franchise fight, Mr. Wood said that it reminded him of a badly scared jack rabbit he saw while in Texas a few weeks ago. Mr. Wood said that he was out in a high power automobile looking over some of his property there and noticed a large jack rabbit jump into the road just ahead of the car. The driver put on full speed and for a mile the chase was a hot one, the speedometer showing that the car was making 40 miles an hour, but the rabbit always keeping just ahead. At the end of a mile the rabbit jumped out of the road, where the car could not follow, but kept up its speed until it reached a strip of woods.

"That rabbit," said Mr. Wood, "was scared to death. And he was just like the Tidewater Power Company in this franchise fight."

During the discussion as to Council taking steps to break up the alleged buying of votes, Councilman Jones declared that it would be impossible for uniformed men to be of any service, and that the local plainclothesmen were too well known to be of any use. Councilman Chadwick suggested that detectives be employed and while no action was taken at the meeting it was stated by Councilman Wood that a telegram had been sent to a private detective agency looking toward the employment of a number of men to work on the matter here.

During the meeting Councilman Merritt also took occasion to state his position on the matter, declaring that he had no personal feelings in the matter either way, but that in view of the reflections made by the Tidewater on the Council in stating that the body had granted the new company more trackage in an hour than it had the Tidewater in 27 years. The Tidewater, he said, had never been denied an application for franchises except on this last occasion, when it asked for franchises through the territory that would be served by the new company. The Tidewater, Mr. Merritt said, charged that the Council was prejudiced because it voted to give the people the opportunity of voting on the franchise.

MR. GOUVERNEUR NAMED

Appointment to Class C Directorate, Federal Reserve Board.

The announcement of the appointment of Mr. Minor F. H. Gouverneur, of this city, to be one of three Class C directors for the Federal Reserve bank of Richmond, which is the bank for this district under the new Federal Reserve Board banking law, came with much satisfaction to his many friends in Wilmington. While the position is understood to be largely honorary, it is a post of large consequence and one requiring ability of the measure which Mr. Gouverneur's friends feel sure he will bring to the office. It is understood also that the honor came to Mr. Gouverneur entirely unsolicited and was largely a suggestion to the Federal Reserve Board by Mr. Gouverneur's personal friend, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo.

The duties of the position, it is learned, will not require Mr. Gouverneur's residence elsewhere, nor will it interfere with his present business associations in this city, as a member of the firm of Hugh MacRae & Co., and vice president of the Tidewater Power Co.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: American Union Association and other to Elijha M. Green, for $100 and other considerations, lot on east line of Sixth, 66 feet north of Kidder street, 33x160 feet in size; Solomon Sternberger and wife to Cornelia Marriss, for $150 and other considerations, lot on east line of Ninth, 66 feet north of Kidder street, 33x150 feet in size.

OPENING EVENT TONIGHT

Delightful Musical Programme to be Given at Boys' Brigade—Address by Rev. G. T. Adams.

The opening of the Boys' Brigade for the season will take place tonight when a reception for the members of the organization and their friends will be given. A delightful musical programme has been prepared for the occasion in which some of the most talented musicians of the city will take part. Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, will make an address.

No event of this nature at the Brigade building would be complete without the presence of the commander of the institution, Col. Walker Taylor, and he will be on hand to greet his many friends. The affair will be entirely informal and everything has been arranged with a view to having a general good time.

The reception will begin at 8:15 and will continue until 11 o'clock. Because of the limited room at the building the management has found it necessary, much to their regret, to exclude children. However, every adult in the city who is interested—and there are hundreds of them—is cordially invited to attend. The committee requests that dignity be left at home and that everyone come prepared to enjoy themselves. Considerable effort has been exerted to prepare a programme that is worth while and it is the desire of the committee in charge that everyone who can do so be on hand to enjoy it. Refreshments will be served and this is also intended for all.

The programme will be varied enough to suit all taste, even the most fastidious. It is as follows:

Selections from Erminie—Pakebowski—Orchestra.
Violin Solo—Andantino—Martin-Kreisler—Miss Pauline Crumb.
Vocal Duet—La Serenata—Tosti—Miss Carrie Bowen, Mr. J. B. Fenley.
a. Venetan Love Song—Nevin.
b. 5th Hungarian Dance—Brahms—Orchestra.
Quarter—Blow Bugle, Blow—Demarest—Miss Carrie Bowen, Miss Ruth Bowen, Mr. J. B. Fenly, Mr. Greene Fenly.
Address—Rev. G. T. Adams.
Echoes from Metropolitan Opera House—Tobani—Orchestra.
Violin Solo—Mazur — Mlynarski—Miss Crumb.
Sextette from Lucia — Donezetti — Quartet and orchertra.

GEO. W. HUGGINS
JEWELER
105 MARKET STREET

A visit to our Show Windows will give you an idea of a few of the new and many gifts we have to offer.

Take one look, and make your "Gift Buying" a pleasure for ever afterwards.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper.

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer a great deal with pain in the back, bearing down feelings, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and maybe despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

A good kidney medicine, possessing real healing and curative value, should be a blessing to thousands of nervous, over-worked women.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, will do for them. Every reader of this paper, who has not already tried it, by enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

OCTOBER 1st and 2nd
Our Next Regular Interest Quarter

Begins on these datees, and all deposits made with us on or before October 2nd will receive a Full Quarter's Interest on January 1st.

MAKE UP YOUR MIND

That you will open a Savings Account with this bank today, and that you will Save a Part of Your Earnings Each Week or Month. $1.00 will start you on the road to success. Try it. 4% Interest compounded Quarterly, paid on account.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
Corner Front and Princess Streets.

VALUE OF SAVING

If you will save each month only that part of your money you now spend foolishly it will make you comfortable in your old age. Try one of our bank books and see how easy it is to acquire the saving habit.

No account too small to be welcomed here.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company
110 Princess Street

200 bbls. Fish
2000 bush. Rust Proof Oats
1000 bush. Burt Oats.
1000 bbls. Molasses
3000 bbls. Flour
4000 kegs Nails.
2000 bush. Peanuts.

All other goods usually kept in a wholesale grocery store. Send for prices; will sell cheap.

D. L. Gore Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's
WHITE TENNIS SHOES
CARL F. STRUNCK & CO.
'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

THE ORTON HOTEL
WILMINGTON, N. C.
AMERICAN PLAN
Noted For It's Excellent Cuisine
Large, Light Sample Rooms. Located in the Centre of the Business District.
C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

Wheat Advancing
Send your order for—
—Piedmont
—Carnation
—Supreme
—Argo, and
—Breakfast Bell
—FLOUR—
Will Invoice on Today's Market.
LOVE & WOODY
Wholesale Grocers.
112 North Water Street.
Phone 809.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!
We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries of
—BRICK—
and will appreciate all orders given us.
Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

RENT LIST
October 1st
Wilder & Metts, Agts.

301	So. 2nd St., 8 rooms	$35.00
404	No. Front St., 7 rooms	27.50
560	Dock St., 5 rooms	32.50
112	Walnut St., 7 rooms	25.00
116	Walnut St., 7 rooms	25.00
111	No. 8th St., 6 rooms	22.50
307	No. 4th St., 6 rooms	22.00
212	Princess St., 7 rooms	20.00
217	So. 2nd St., 5 rooms	15.00
108	No. 10th St., 5 rooms	12.50
210	Wright St., 4 rooms	10.00
509	Castle St., 4 rooms	8.00

Also several nice 4-room Apartments, at 9th and Orange.

DIGESTIVE TABLETS
You rest every Sunday, and take vacation, besides; but your overworked stomach gets no rest. Give it a vacation with a few
A. D. S. DIGESTIVE TABLETS.
It will come back stronger than ever. Price 25c.
Kastrome, the honey-tasting Castor Oil, price 25c.
Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulip and other Importeed Bulbs expected tomorrow.
1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
'Phone 55. Orders Filled Promptly. No. 126 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

STORAGE WAREHOUSES
If your town is building a Storage Warehouse, remember, you can get the Plates, Star Washers, Truss Rods, and All the Iron Required, at the Right Prices, from
Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Chas. B. Ellsworth, of Wallace, was in the city yesterday to attend the funeral of her aunt.

* * *

Mrs. Jas. A. Northam, of Asheville, N. C., is visiting Mrs. Edward C. Craft on Wrightsville Sound.

* * *

Miss C. Myrtle Vollers left Tuesday evening for Lutherville, Md., near Baltimore, where she wil enter the Maryland College for Women.

* * *

Miss Katherine Vollere left Tuesday evening for New York to take a course of voice culture under Prof. Wm. Nelson Burrett.

* * *

Councilman and Mrs. T. W. Wood, No. 314 North Second street, have as their guests Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Pugh, of Savannah, Ga. Mr. Pugh is a brother of Mrs. Wood.

* * *

Mrs. Jas. F. Gause, Jr., has returned home from a visit to relatives at Brooklyn, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Gause are now occupying their home at No. 1706 Chesnut street.

* * *

Yesterday's Charlotte News: "Mrs. W. L. Burkheimer, of Wilmington(continues very ill at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Burkheimer, where she was visiting when taken sick."

* * *

The Whatsoever Circle of the King's Daughters and Sons will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the First Baptist church. A full attendance is desired, as business of importance is to be transacted.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar A. Hamilton have taken apartments at No. 6 South Sixth streets, where they will be at home during the Fall and Winter, Mr. Hamilton having resumed the principalship of Hemenway Public School.

* * *

The first fall meeting of North Carolina Sorosis will be held in the Sorosis building at No. 116 North Third street this afternoon at 3:45 o'clock. A number of important matters are to receive consideration and all members are urged to be in attendance.

* * *

Mr. H. C. Irwin and Capt. A. L. Butt, who spent the summer at Wrightsville Beach, will leave this morning for Charlotte. They will make the trip in their automobile. Mrs. Irwin and daughter, Mrs. J. B. Simms, will spend ten days in Wilmington before returning home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Swails hase returned to the city from Roanoke, Va. to which city they removed some weeks ago. Mr. Swails, his friends will be glad to know, has resumed his position with the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, his return to Wilmington being on account of the health of Mrs. Swails which has not been so good since the removal of the family to Virginia.

* * *

Miss Lola Southerland, who has been the popular stenographer at the Water and Sewerage department of the city for some time, has resigned her position and has gone to Norfolk, Va., to accept a position with the Virginian Railway. She will assume her new duties today. She has many friends in the city who will regret that she has left Wilmington, but whose best wishes will follow her to her new home.

* * *

Members of the Y. W. C. A. and their friends are looking forward with much pleasure to the rally to be held at the Association building on North Fourth street tomorrow evening. Miss Troutt, the new secretary, is expected to arrive today, and the public will have an opportunity of becoming acquainted with her at the rally. The officers and directors of the association will be at the rally to receive the guests, and a pleasant evening is assured all who attend. The rally is intended especially to give students an opportunity to register for the educational work.

* * *

Friends will be interested in learning of the marriage of Miss Margaret Wells, of Watha, and Mr. W. M. Crownstream, of this city, which was solemnized at the home of the bride on Wednesday of last week. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. E. Cowan, of Watha. Only a few friends and relatives were present at the wedding. Mrs. Crownstream is popular among a host of friends. Mr. Crownstream is a well known merchant in the northern part of the city. They are residing at No. 711 Taylor street.

FARMERS HOLDING COTTON

Big Falling Off in Receipts and Exports for Port of Wilmington in September.

That there has been no tendency in the interior of North and South Carolina to sell cotton is clearly indicated by the receipts at the port of Wilmington during the month of September. The total number of bales received here was 9,342 bales as compared with 58,458 bales last year for the same month. When it is remembered that the yield this year will probably be larger than it was last season the significance of the figures can be more fully realized.

It is true that the crop was somewhat earlier last year than this, but this difference for the two years is so small as to be almost negligible in making the comparison. While the "Buy-a-Bale of cotton" movement has undoubtedly had the most appreciable effect upon the holding of the staple, there are other reasons why cotton is moving so slowly towards the exporting centers. One of these is the cordial spirit of co-operation that is being shown towards the farmers by the banks and the business men. In scores of instances the staple is being taken as collateral for notes which are given on debts already owed for supplies, purchased during the year.

Great as has been the difference in the cotton receipts in Wilmington for September the difference in exports has been even more notable. The total exports for the month this year was approximately 3,000 bales. None of this was sent direct to Europe, but went to New York and was then re-shipped to Liverpool, hence Wilmington exports are officially given as zero. The total exports for September of last year from Wilmington was 21,186 bales. The first big cargo of cotton last year went out on September 19th and was sent to Bremen, Germany. The total number of bales was 11,786.

The total stock of cotton stored in Wilmington last September was 34,502 bales, while the stock this year is 12,561 bales.

Cotton closed on September 30th last year at 13 3-8 cents steady and yesterday it closed at 7 1-2 cents dull. Such is the effect of a war three thousand miles away.

While there is a general spirit of hopefulness and a tendency on the part of practically all to join hands and make the best of a bad state of affairs, there is heard here and there occasionally a discordant note.

Some feel that the farmer has received entirely too much sympathy and believe that it is time that a little should be shown the business man who is loaded down with cares and doesn't see just how he is going to come out. It is a time when people of all classes are inclined to feel blue over the outlook, but the most hopeful sign now on the horizon is the determination of farmers, business men, professional men, manufacturers and others to get together on common ground and push on towards the day when there is more of prosperity than now.

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

James Johnson, Colored, Gets Another 30 Days on the County Roads.

James Johnson, colored, who was sentenced Monday by the Recorder to serve three months on the county roads on a charge of resisting arrest, was given another 30 days yesterday for assault. Saturday night when the officers attempted to arrest Johnson, he is said to have been engaged in an attempt to beat another negro, whose name was given as Luther Ray. Johnson and Ray were charged with engaging in an affray but were found not guilty.

Alex. Merrick, colored, was found not guilty of forcible trespass. A case against Bosie Rogers, colored, charged with larceny, was continued until today. He was required to give bond in the sum of $50, which he was unable to do and went to jail.

Willie Riley, colored, went to the roads for 30 days in default of payment of a fine of $10 and the costs for an assault. A nol pros with leave was taken in the Recorder's court Tuesday morning in a case agianst Mr. Frank Brown, charged with disorderly conduct and a capias was issued for Grant Evans.

GERMAN RED CROSS RELIEF

Local Society Organized at Germania Club Yesterday Afternoon—Plans For Bazaar.

The German American Red Cross Society of Wilmington was organized at a meeting held at the Germania Club yesterday afternoon and largely attended by the ladies of German descent in this city. Mrs. C. P. B. Mahler was elected chairman; Mrs. E. F. O. Banck, vice chairman and Mrs. E. P. H. Strunck secretary.

Preliminary to the organization of the chapter, remarks were made by Mr. J. H. Niggel, president of the German Alliance; Mr. J. G. L. Gieshen, German Vice Konsul for the port of Wilmington, and Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church.

As the name indicates, the purpose of the society is to raise funds for the use of the German Red Cross organization, in alleviating the suffering and caring for the wounded in the German army in the European war, and aiding in the relief of German orphans and widows.

The ladies decided to arrange for a bazaar to be given at the Germania Club the first week in November, which will be open to the public. It is planned to make this bazaar a most elaborate affair and a considerable fund will doubtless be realized from the sale of different articles.

The preliminary plans for the bazaar will be arranged within the next few days, and committees on arrangement will also be named.

LOCAL DOTS

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. Rudolph Lewis and Miss Jessie May Sykes, daughter of Mr. Jno. E. Sykes.

—The schooner Melbourne P. Smith, 529 tons, Capt. Erskine, has arrived in the port of Wilmington from New York with 935 tons of cement for the Seaboard Air Line terminals.

—Suit in forma pauperis was started in Superior Court yesterday by J. Spillman against the Ocean View Company. Kellum & Loughlin represent the plaintiff. The complaint has not yet been filed.

—Nothing is known here by the division offices of the Seaboard Air Line regarding the rumor that the headquarters of this road are to be transferred from Portsmouth, Va., to Savannah, Ga.

—Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, wants every member of his church to be present at the reunion of the members next Sunday morning and evening. This is an annual event at this church.

—Johhn Hinnant, a white news "butch" on the Seaboard, was arrested yesterday by Special Officer H. Mack Godwin on a capias from the Clerk of the Superior Court at Goldsboro and lodged in the county jail to await the arrival of an officer.

—On October 7th there will be shown at the Bijou theatre, between 12 and 1 o'clock, a picture of the National Tube Company's plants, showing the manufacturing of their products from the crude material to the finished products. This picture is shown especially for the benefit of the customers of jobbers.

—A telegram was received yesterday by Chief of Police Williams from Raleigh requesting that he find out if Walter Kennedy, who is supposed to be with Spark's Shows, is in Wilmington. His wife wants to find out the condition of his health, the telegram states, as she has heard that he has been sick. He was not found here yesterday.

—Youngsters are constantly violating the city ordinance prohibiting roller skating on the sidewalks, Chief of Police Williams says, and while he hates to do it he has issued instructions to the patrolmen to arrest all offenders. However, he wants to give fair notice to the public and no arrests will be made until today. Complaints are coming in from many people, he says, and it is absolutely necessary that the children stay off the sidewalks when skating.

MAY USE MARKET STREET

Sheds for Truckers Will Possibly be Located There—Appropriation for Fire Station.

The center of Market street, from Front to Second, may be fitted up by Council for the use of truck farmers who retail their produce from carts, provided the merchants along the street have no objection to the proposition. Council heard the petition of the farmers relative to better market facilities at the regular weekly meeting yesterday, and the matter was given favorable consideration.

A committee composed of Mr. John A. Orrell, county auditor; Mr. J. P. Herring, county farm demonstrator, and other prominent farmers and truckers, appointed at the farmers' rally and picnic held in East Wilmington recently, appeared to urge Council to provide better market facilities for those farmers who sell their produce to the consumer direct from their carts. A resolution adopted by the committee asked that umbrella sheds be provided on either side of Dock street, between Front and Second, divided into eight foot spaces, the same to be rented at $3 a quarter to those who desired stands, as the farmers are willing to pay such an amount in order to insure a regular place from which to retail their produce, without the necessity of coming to Wilmington the night before in order to make certain of getting a stand. The resolution also suggested that the market clerk furnish to the daily papers, and that the papers be requested to publish, daily reports of the prevailing prices of truck and produce.

Mr. Herring acted as spokesman for the party and made a strong plea in behalf of the petition. The members of Council were favorably inclined toward the proposition, but several of them pointed out that Dock street is rather narrow, and inquired if some other street would not do as well. Mr. Herring replied that the center of Market street, between Front and Second, would be even more desirable than on Dock street, but that the farmers had no idea that this place could be secured, and had not asked for it. Members of Council could see no reason why the matter could not be arranged, and it was decided to appoint a committee to look into it. Several expressed it as their opinion that such an arrangement would be a business-getter for the merchants along the street.

Appropriation for Fire House.

Council adopted a resolution appropriating the sum of $7,500 for the purpose of paying for the construction of the new fire station, now in course of construction at Fifth and Castle streets, to replace the old station at Sixth and Castle, and also adopted the following ordinance, authorizing the city to borrow the sum of $7,500 to cover the fire house appropriation:

"Whereas, it is necessary to provide means for the construction of a new fire engine house at the corner of Fifth and Castle streets, an appropriation for which has been this day made by Council under separate ordinance;

"Now, Therefore, Be it Ordained that the Councilman of Accounts and Finance be and is hereby authorized and empowered to borrow a sum of money for the payment of the construction of said engine house, not exceeding $7,500, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, for such time as may be deemed wise and proper, the payment of such notes, if not provided for otherwise, to be made from the proceeds of the sale of the property now owned by the city on the corner of Sixth and Castle streets."

Mr. John J. Blair, chairman of the park and tree commission, made a report on the progress of work on the postoffice park, and asked for authority to sow the park down in grass. The question arose as to whether Council had made an appropriation at the beginning of the fiscal year, as requested by the commission. The newspaper reports show that an appropriation of $1,000 was made, but the official record carries no mention of such an appropriation. Council finally made an appropriation yesterday of $50 to cover the cost of sowing the grass.

Councilman Merritt mentioned that an impression seemed to prevail that Princess street, from Sixth to 10th, was to be improved with vitrified brick, whereas the only improvement authorized is with clay-gravel. The street department, he said, would be glad to put down vitrified brick on this street if Council would authorize it. He also reported that the department had begun rolling the Fourth street extension, and would begin laying brick in a few days. A petition for a light at Love's Alley and Swann street and another in the alley was referred to Mr. Merritt. Robert Freeberg was granted permission to operate a peanut cart on the streets.

The Pickard Bleeker Auto Company was granted permission to install a gasoline tank in front of the garage on Third street, subject to the provision of the city ordinances. Permission was granted the renting agent of the new Murchison National Bank building to rent the renting agent's office on the property to a confectioner until the first of January.

Councilman Jones presented petitions asking for deep wells at Fifth and Bladen and Fourth and Davis streets, to replace the old wells at these points now out of commission. Councilman Loughlin said that if new wells were sunk new sites would have to be selected.

Councilman Wood stated that Mr. Grainger, of the Murphison National Bank had complained to him that the Murchison was not getting its proper share of the city's business, the sum of $48,000 being deposited in the American National Bank and only about $400 in the Murchison. Mr. Wood thought that the law relative to an equal distribution of the city's fund in the different banks should be adhered to, and Councilman Merritt agreed with him. Councilman Chadwick mentioned that $20,000 was to be drawn out of the American yesterday to meet bills.

ENJOYED OYSTER ROAST.

Pleasant Event at Waterworks Plant Last Evening.

City officials, employes of the water and sewerage department and a number of friends enjoyed a delightful oyster roast at the pumping station at Hilton yesterday from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M. Mayor Moore and all members of Council, Capt. T. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer; Col. Chas. H. White, city tax collector; City Engineer F. F. Pillett and his assistant, Mr. David Struthers; Chief of Police Williams and Fire Chief Schnibben; the employes of the water and sewerage department and a number of invited friends were present.

Steamed oysters, sandwiches, crackers, pickles and other refreshments were enjoyed, served on a table set up outdoors, overlooking the river. Several short talks were made by officials and others present and the occasion was a most enjoyable one to all present.

DETECTIVE FROM PITTSBURG

Telegram Stating That Officer Left There Yesterday Only Development in Greenamyer Case.

Other than the receipt by Sheriff S. P. Cowan of a telegram from John N. Dunn, first assistant district attorney of Pittsburg, Pa., stating that a detective was leaving Pittsburg yesterday and would probably arrive in Wilmington Saturday, there were no new developments yesterday in the case of Mr. C. E. Greenamyer, an officer of the Fidelity Trust & Development Co., and the Wilmington Beach Corporation, who was arrested Tuesday afternoon under the fugitive from justice act, following instructions from the office of the district attorney of Pittsburg, and who is under $10,000 bond for his appearance before Justice Harriss next Monday at noon.

Justice Harriss has not yet received the papers in the case, which the telegram received Tuesday stated would follow, but he said yesterday that even in case they are received earlier than Monday, the hearing would not likely be held until then.

While the telegram received yesterday did not state that the detective had instructions to bring Mr. Greenamyer back to Pittsburg, it is likely that this is the purpose of his mission. However, he cannot take Mr. Greenamyer back until after the hearing, and only then in case Justice Harriss decides that he is a fugitive from justice. However, Mr. Greenamyer expressed his willingness, immediately after his arrest, to return to Pittsburg and stand trial on the charges against him, larceny and embezzlement, and he reiterated this statement yesterday.

So far as is known here no requisition has been made upon Governor Craig for Mr. Greenamyer, though requisition papers would not be required even if Mr. Greenamyer is found to be a fugitive from justice if he is still willing to go back without them.

The telegram received yesterday by Sheriff Cowan is as follows:

"Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 30.

"S. P. Cowan, Sheriff New Hanover County:

"Detective F. H. Schmitt leaves today via Harrisburg. Will likely arrive Wilmington Saturday.

"JOHN N. DUNN,

"First Assistant District Attorney."

"SINS OF THE FATHER" PREACHES REALISTIC SERMON

Small Audience Saw Its Presentation at Academy of Music.

Grim realism is worked out with startling effects in Tom Dixon's "The Sins of the Father," which was presented at the Academy of Music last night before a small audience. It preaches a sermon, as do all the plays that Tom Dixon has ever written, and preaches it in such a plain realistic way that it cannot be escaped by the most stupid.

Perhaps the small sized audience had something to do with it, but in seeing the play there is a distinct feeling that the members of the company do not enter into the spirit of the tragic scenes as deeply as they should. And yet this cannot be considered a criticism, for it is hard to see how they could measure up to the grimness that is naturally expected of them. There are situations that almost stop one's breath but the author has been careful to see that these are relieved by light comedy.

The lesson that the play emphasizes is contained in the title. Maj. Daniel Norton, the father, is made to suffer all the pangs that it seems possible for a mortal man to endure as the result of an early infatuation with Cleo, his housekeeper, an octoroon. Eugene La Rue in this character acts his part in a very vivid and impressive manner while Mindel Prince as Cleo has all that haughtiness that one would expect. Miss Lucie Leveque as Helen Winslow, his ward, had a hard part to play and does this well although there is room for improvement. W. Byron Jameson as the son seems a trifle too young for his part and it is only occasionally that he measures up to the standard that is naturally expected of him.

Lillian Devere as Aunt Minerva is a typical Southern "mammy" and portrays the type with fine effect. The only other member of the cast is Wm. F. Kohman as Andy, the gentleman in brown. To him and Aunt Minerva falls the lot to provide the comedy and right well do they perform their task.

The play should improve after the company has presented it a few more times. They received scant applause last night, although the audience did seem to be interested. It must be said in their behalf, even if they have seen other other plays of Tom Dixon, that they have not been used to being preached at in such blunt manner as they were last night. If the company ever gets to the point where they can picture the awful lesson that the author would convey, then will each and everyone be artists indeed—but it is perhaps too much to expect of them.

ORIENT LODGE, NO. 395, A. F. & A. M.

Stated monthly communication this (Thursday) evening, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of the members is urged, and a cordial invitation is extended visiting brethren. By order of the W. M.

C. C. BROWN, Sec'y.

Miss Alderman's School

Fall Session begins October 5, 1914. Boys and Girls prepared for Business and College. Special attention given to backward pupils.

For terms, etc., apply to

Mary L. Alderman
Principal.

No. 12 North Fifth.

Wooltex — The H. Black Company — Designers and Makers — Cleveland

Flat-lying Lapels

The lapels of Wooltex coats always lie flat and close. They are so skillfully made that they cannot roll up.

A. Brown

The Store That Sells WOOLTEX

"THE PERILS OF PAULINE"

Thirteenth Episode in Two Reels, Featuring Miss Pearl White.

"A Kentucky Gentleman"
Victor Two-Reel Special Release Drama, Featuring Warren Kerrigan and Vera Sisson.

Admission: Five Cents.

BIJOU

GRAND

Today and Tomorrow

THE FIRST OF THE PARAMOUNT PROGRAM
THE WORLD'S GREATEST PICTURES

OPEN 11 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

Daniel Frohman
Presents
The Eminent Dramatic Star
Mr. H. B. Warner
In the World Famous Drama of of Capital and Labor.

"The Lost Paradise"
By Ludwig Fulda and H. C. DeMille, in Five Reels.

ADMISSION:
Children, 5 Cts. Adults, 10 Cts.

Read the First Episode of the "MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY" in the Sunday Morning Star, and See the Picture at the Grand Theatre Wednesday, Oct. 7.

JUST LOOK
HANOVER GINGER ALE

is bottled with GREENFIELD SPRING MINERAL WATER.

Right at Home in Wilmington.
5c size, 45c per doz.
10c size, 90c per doz.
ALL DEALERS OR 'PHONE 466.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, U. S. Life-Saving Service, Washington, D. C., September 24, 1914.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M., of Wednesday, October 14, 1914, and then publicly opened, for the construction of a Life-Saving Station house and accessories, at Cape Fear, North Carolina. Specifications and drawings, forms of proposal, etc., and full information can be obtained upon application to the Superintendent, 7th Life-Saving District, Shawboro, North Carolina, or to this office. S. I. Kimball, General Superintendent.

Academy of Music
Matinee and Night
October 3
"The Dingbat Family"
Founded on Cartoons by Geo. Harriman
A CAST OF CLEVER COMEDIANS
CHORUS OF "REAL DANCING GIRLS"
Prices: Matinee—25, 50, 75c. Night, 25, 50, 75, $1.00 and a Few at $1.50.
Seats on Sale at Woodall & Sheppard's Thursday, Oct. 1st.

Read Star Business Locals.

OCTOBER 2nd

The public is respectfully informed that Deposits Made on or Before the Above Date Draw Interest from Oct. 1st.

If you have no bank account now is a good time to start one.

We shall be glad to have you begin with us and guarantee prompt, courteous and accurate attention.

We pay Four Per Cent. Compound Interest, on all accounts.

Give us a call.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Orton Building—Front Street

VICTORIA

THIS WEEK, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, ANOTHER REGULAR KEITH SHOW

PIERRE PELLETIER COMPANY, PRESENTING
"10-40 WEST"
A Thrilling Comedy and Dramatic Playette

Wallace Galvin And His Hands.

MABEL JOHNSTONE. And Her Wooden Prodigies.

Miller DeVay and Prince
Novelty Knock-About Comedians.

2 PHOTO PLAYS 2

TO VICTORIA PATRONS:

Due to presenting more expensive vaudeville acts, now in the United States due to the European war, there will be a slight change in the night admission prices to this theatre, beginning Monday, October 5th.

Seats now selling for 25 cents will be 30 cents, and those now at 15 cents will be 20 cents. At the same time the Victoria will offer the very Lowest Price yet asked, as half of the Balcony, which has been remodeled and thoroughly renovated, will be held for the Whites at the small price of 10 cents admission.

Matinee prices will remain the same, children 10 cents, adults 15 cents.

Children under 5 years of age will be admitted Free, both afternoon and night.

HOTEL WILMINGTON

EUROPEAN

HAM ADAMS, Manager.

FIREPROOF MODERN

7 Floors of Safety and Comfort

Cafe Service, from 6 A. M. to 12 P. M.

Lunch Room Open Day and Night

Club Breakfasts, 6 to 9:30.

Special Business Men's Lunch, 12 to 3

Dinner Parties Have Our Special Attention

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., (Inc.)

Successors to H. L. Fennell

: DEALERS IN :

Hudson, Overland, Maxwell Cars

All Accessories. Storage.

Gasoline 14 1-2c per Gallon

Garage: 114 North 2nd Street

100 BARRELS

Fresh Caught Medium Size Mullets At a Bargain

J. W. BROOKS

Wholesale Grocer Wilmington, N. C

"The Proof Of The Pudding Is The Eating Thereof."

A few years ago a franchise was applied for in the City of Richmond by the Richmond & Henrico Railway Company. The purpose of the Company was to compete with the Virginia Railway & Power Company. The Virginia Railway & Power Company published a pamphlet setting forth in full what such competition would mean, and concluded their statement as follows:

"1. There has been and is absolutely no need for competition in either railway or light and power service in Richmond; the duplication of plant and service only means additional cost to the community in the end.

2. The service, both railway and light and power, being furnished by the existing company to the people of this community is adequate, liberal and given at reasonable rates.

3. The company needs all of its resources in the development of its properties and in making improvements and extensions to keep pace with and contribute to the growth and prosperity of this city and does not desire to waste its resources in useless competitive warfare or in the purchase of other properties, which would only mean waste and burden to the community."

The pamphlet also set forth the experiences in other places, which warranted the following conclusions:

"That it is against public policy and the best interests of a city and the people thereof, to grant competitive franchises in the public service business, unless it be clearly shown by the applicant company that the existing company is not furnishing an adequate service at reasonable rates."

"That where competition is permitted and one company is thus forced to buy out its competitor to prevent bankruptcy, the result is always to load this additional cost upon the capitalization of the company and thus indirectly upon the community as a part of the cost of the necessary public service."

In the Richmond Evening Journal, dated September 26th, 1914, appears the following statement:

"NOW ADVERTISE ROAD FOR SALE.

"Richmond & Henrico Railway, Defaulting in Interest, is to be Sold.

"Today is the last day of grace allowed the Richmond & Henrico Railway Company by the Law and Equity Court. Failing to pay the accrued interest on its bonded debt, the road will now be advertised for sale, and bought, it is understood, by the Virginia Railway & Power Company. The road has been unable to pay interest on the bonds, and has for some months been in the hands of the Virginia Trust Company, receiver."

Of course, some have to learn by experience; but can not Wilmington learn by the experience of Richmond?

TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY.

(To be Continued.)

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

THEATRICAL

One of the many novel features of the musical comedy, "The Dingbat Family," adapted from the famous cartoons by George Herriman, which will appear here at the Academy, Saturday matinee and night, is the introduction of all the latest dance steps, such as the Tango, Maxie and Hesitation by society's pet ballroom dancer, Miss Cecil Renard, assisted by Mr. Edward O'Brien.

Carping critics who have repeatedly decried the fact that there is nothing new under the sun in theatricals, have evidently bargained without "The Dingbat Family." Here is a production that can boast of at least four distinct features, viz., exceptionally pretty choristers, comedians who can really tickle the risibilities of the most blase patron of the theatre, artists who understand the value of witty dialogue, situations and action, and last, but not least, novelties that do not require forced explanations to make an audience rally or respond with deserved approval. No matter of what mould one may be, whether it be temperament or just disposition, the laughs are spontaneous and infectious. There is music to suit the most fastidious ear. At least fifteen song hits are distributed during the action of the two acts, rendered by the company of forty, including 'the best singing and dancing chorus in the world,' of the quality that you go out humming was whistling for days after you have heard them. Seats on sale today at Woodall and Sheppard, corner Front and Princess.

"Perils of Pauline"—Bijou.

The 13th episode of that startling and thrilling movie serial, "The Perils of Pauline," will head today's big bill at the popular priced theatre. This installment, in two reels, is undoubtedly the most thrilling installment yet in this big story. You remember where it quit last time—just as Pauline was lowering her head into the basket of flowers which contained a rattlesnake. Well, you'll surely want to see the deeply dramatic scene which opens this week's installment. Then Pauline bids in a noted racing horse, and is persuaded by the treacherous Owen to ride in the steeple chase. She escapes a horrible death in a miraculous way, only to be led into another and more horrible plot, by which she is again beset by a band of Gypsies. In this crisis it becomes necessary for Harry and Pauline to really risk their lives, doing among other things a high leap from off a cliff, expecting to be dashed to pieces on the rocks below.

Another notable feature on today's big bill is "A Kentucky Gentleman", a mammoth special release drama by the Victor players in two full reels, in which is featured popular, dashing Warren Kerrigan, with Miss Vera Sisson, the darling of the Victory company. It's a big story of a man who takes the blame for a crime to save the girl's father from suspicion, and his many hardships, and final victory—and the girl—which comes to him. Jack Kerrigan, in the leading role as Jack Randolph, has ample room for the display of his powerful emotional talents.

Big New Show at Victoria Today.

And here's another one of those great collections of the swellest things in Keith Vaudeville. It is the new show, the mid-week change of bill, that opens at the handsome, cozy Victoria Theatre this afternoon, with two performances following tonight. The new bill is a brilliant successor to the superb show that closed last night. It includes the best acts playing the Keith Southern Circuit and includes those that play the "big time." The famous Piere Pelletier Company will present "The 10-40 West," which is an entire play, though in tabloid form, in itself, and will be staged with special scenery and effects. It was one of the big hits of the season and the well known actor, Piere Pelletier is supported by high class artists. It is just another one of those real headliners that the Victoria is paying such big prices for. Another topliner for the show opening today is Wallace Galvin, the renowned magician. Now Galvin is not only a man of mystery, presenting the most startling of illusions, as well as tricks, but is a fine comedian. He will make every one roar with laughter, as well as mystify them. Miller, Devay and Prince, is a rousing knock-about act, just one of those kind that make folks yell with glee, will also be on the boards.

First Paramount Picture Day.

Today the Grand Theatre will present the first of these pictures (the latest, too), which represent the output of the biggest theatrical managers in the country, David Belasco, Daniel and Charles Frohman, Henry Savage, the Shuberts and others. This means that the people of the United States will be given a chance of witnessing the greatest dramatic productions, such as Broadway pays $2 per seat, at small prices. It also means that the people of Wilmington, due to the enterprise of the Grand management, will be given the opportunity of seeing these stupendous offerings. It is really something extraordinary and something the folks of this city will undoubtedly appreciate, as they should. So today and tomorrow (the importance of the offering justifying two days) Mr. Daniel Frohman will present at the Grand the great dramatic triumph, "The Lost Paradise," with the noted actor, H. B. Warner, in the star part. The story of the play is one of a titanic struggle between capital and labor and is from the pen of H. C. DeMille, who was a North Carolinian, by the way, and Ludwig Fulda. It is a wonderful play, told in most wonderful way by five reels of magnificent moving pictures. In order to see this great Broadway success the Grand will charge but a small admission—10 cents for adults and 5 cents for children.

GREENSBORO AFFAIRS.

Supper at Y. M. C. A.—Suit Against City—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Sept. 29.—More than 100 young men attended the supper given at the Y. M. C. A. tonight, complimentary to the new secretary, J. M. Stickney, and the new physical director, H. E. Barlow. The principal speaker was Judge W. A. Devin, who is holding court here this week. Other talks were made by Secretary Stickney, Physical Director Barlow, President High and Mr. M. W. Thompson, who was toastmaster. The supper was given in order to get a large enrollment in the gymnasium classe for this season. In addition to speeches, there were songs and parodies on songs by a number of members.

Superior court is engaged in the trial of the case of Howard Cannon vs. the City of Greensboro, in which the plaintiff seeks to recover damages on account of the discharge of the city's sewer into North Buffalo creek. There are about 40 similar cases on the docket. Only one of the lot has been tried, and in this judgment was given Mr. J. B. Donnell, for $1,500, which was confirmed by the Supreme Court. Messrs. Broadhurst and Hobgood appear for the plaintiffs, and Messrs. Brooks and Cooke for the city.

Ed Barnes, who was cut and seriously injured last night by John Henry Lax, is resting well today and will recover unless complications arise. Both parties are negroes. The trouble arose after the parties had attended services at a negro church near the fair grounds. Barnes followed the wagon in which Lax was riding, threw rocks at the family, one of which struck Lax. Lax unlimbered his razor and waded into Barnes with serious results.

The members of Ivanhoe Commandery, Knights Templar, will escort the singing class of the Oxford Orphanage, when it appears at the Grand opera house tomorrow evening. The Knights will be in full uniform, and will add to the appearance of the procession.

James Faison, convicted last week of first degree murder in killing his wife, was yesterday carried to Raleigh and placed in the State's prison, where he will be held pending the hearing of his appeal in Supreme Court on an appeal to executive clemency. The feeling here is that the sentence should be commuted.

John H. Long, of Minneapolis, Minn., an attorney and a native of North Carolina, has been nominated by the Democrats of his district for Congress. He is a brother of Dr. J. W. Long, of this city, a well known surgeon.

FIRE DESTROYS PLANT OF ALMA LUMBER COMPANY

Loss About $5,000 With No Insurance—Buildings and Lumber Left.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Maxton, N. C., Sept. 30.—The large saw mill plant of the Alma Lumber Company, situated at Alma, two miles east of Maxton, caught on fire this morning at 10:40 and was completely destroyed, the loss being about five thousand dollars and no insurance.

The fire caught in the roof of the boiler house around the smoke-stack and was under good headway before it was discovered. The planing mill and dry kilns were untouched and the lumber on the yards was not damaged, what wind there was being towards the river and away from the remaining buildings of the company's plant. All the machinery in the destroyed building except the boiled is a total loss and it will take some time for it to be replaced.

New Interest Quarter.

Starts October 1st and 2nd at the American National Bank.—advertisement. 3t

GIBBS BULL HEAD CATSUP

WHEN COMPANY COMES

This Catsup will assist you to flavor your Soups,—to give "Taste" to your roast, to "Dress Up" your salad. It will make a "company" meal of an ordinary meal. It's Absolutely Pure! No Preservatives! Made of Choice Tomatoes, Table Sugar, Spices, that's all! Order it!

8 oz. Bottle-10 cents.

GIBBS TABASCO CATSUP
Made with a little more seasoning for those who like a HOT Catsup!
8 oz. Bottle—10 cents

GIBBS APPLE JELLY
Made from the pure juice of Northern Apples. No Preservatives are used!
8 oz. Glass—10 cents

GIBBS PRESERVING CO.
Baltimore, Maryland.

IN SUCH PAIN WOMAN CRIED

Suffered Everything Until Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Florence, So. Dakota.—"I used to be very sick every month with bearing down pains and backache, and had headache a good deal of the time and very little appetite. The pains were so bad that I used to sit right down on the floor and cry, because it hurt me so and I could not do any work at those times. An old woman advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I got a bottle. I felt better the next month so I took three more bottles of it and got well so I could work all the time. I hope every woman who suffers like I did will try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." — Mrs. P. W. LANSENG, Route No. 1, Florence, South Dakota.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

FOR DYSPEPTICS

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
It produces healthy activity of weak and disordered stomachs. A tonic.
(advertisement.)

School Books and School Supplies

Get the Best Value for Your Money at

C. W. YATES & CO

Market Street

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION.

Discovery that Removes Pimples, Eczema and All Skin Troubles.

If you are troubled with pimples, blackheads, acne, barber's itch, blotches, freckles or other skin disease or blemish, now is the time to get rid of it with Hokara.

This pure and simple skin healer is being introduced in Wilmington by the J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., at the low price of 25c for a liberal sized jar, and they have sold hundreds of treatments.

It contains no grease or acid, is cleanly to use and is a true nourishment for the skin, cleaning and clearing it in every pore, making it soft, white and beautiful—.

If Hokara does not do even more than is claimed for it and give perfect satisfaction, return the empty jar to the J. Hicks Bunting Drug Store and they will refund your money. If you have any skin trouble, you cannot spend 25c to better advantage than for a jar of this skin food.
(advertisement.)

AUTOS FOR HIRE
W. G. FOUNTAIN

Five-Passengers cars $2.00 per hour.
Large Cars, $2.50 per hour.
Hack calls up to five passengers, $1.00
Good new cars. Day or night.
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BLUE-PRINTS

DAVID'S

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

HERE'S one of our many good styles for fall. You are young men who are after a little added "snap" in your clothes. be sure to see this clever model from

Hart Schaffner & Marx

A three button sack with a soft front and wide rolling lapels; the coat hugs the figure; trousers are straight and "kick up" just right at the heel—you young fellows will know what that means—you don't find many makers either who get this feature just right.

There are a lot of other little points like this that have been covered. Best way is to see the clothes. From $18.00 up.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Haberdashers.

350 School Suits ½ Off Regular Price.

A School Days' Sale For School Boys

350 School Suits ½ Off Regular Price.

Once Again, on Next Monday, the School Bells will send forth their peals of welcome to the scholars, and the little folks will be marching off to school. We have placed on sale

350 SCHOOL SUITS IN PLAIN, DOUBLE BREASTED, WITH KNICKERBOCKER PANTS.

Ages, from 7 Years to 18 Years; ranging in price from $2.50 to $8.50 a suit.

THESE SUITS WILL BE CLOSED OUT AT

1-2 OFF

Their Regular Price. Every Suit is well tailored and Made of Good Material. Don't let this Great Sacrifice in Boys' School Suits pass by—it means a saving to you, and a suit for the boy which is for less than the material would cost.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

PHONE 617. NO. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

INCREASING DEMAND FOR COTTON GOODS PREDICTED

By W. P. G. Harding, Member of Federal Reserve Board and Student of Present Economic Conditions in South—Corresponding Increase in Demand for Raw Cotton and Marked Increase in Demand for Export.

Lenox, Mass., Sept. 30.—Before the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers here tonight, W. P. G. Harding, member of the Federal Reserve Board and student of present economic conditions in the South, predicted that within the next few months there will be a steadily increasing demand for cotton goods by consumers and a consequent demand for raw cotton by the mills and for export. Mr. Harding said:

"I shall not undertake in the presence of the foremost experts to hazard any guesses as to the probable consumption of cotton within the next few months, but I will be bold enough to predict that as the season progresses there will be a steadily increasing demand for cotton goods by the consumers with a corresponding demand for raw cotton by the mills, with a marked increase in the demand for export.

"Of course," he continued, "as long as present conditions continue the demand from Germany, Austria-Hungary, Belgium and France, will be greatly curtailed, but there should be a good demand from Great Britain, Spain, Italy and from Russia, which can obtain its supplies independently of routings through the Baltic Sea. Ship room is now available, prompt action by Congress has enabled our government to provide marine insurance, the Bank of England is again discounting bills and practically all the obstacles in the way of exports to all foreign countries, except Germany and Austria-Hungary, have been removed. Foreign exchange conditions have within the last few days been vastly improved by the formation of the gold fund as approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board, and as our exports of grain and cotton increase in volume, as they must do in the very near future, normal quotations for sterling bills will again prevail.

Cheapest of All Textiles.

"Cotton goods are the cheapest of all textiles and should replace during hard tmes finer and more expensive fabrics. Cotton can be used in considerable quantities as a substitute for jute and other materials in the manufacture of burlaps and sacks, mills in England are reported as running double time on khaki for army uniforms, and there is no reason to doubt that the trade will ultimately absorb the world's production. Cotton manufacturers must solve the problems which have grown out of the closing of the cotton exchanges of this country, whereby they have been deprived of a standardized price and of their power to hedge on contracts, and must overcome the further difficulty, occasioned by loss of confidence and curtailment of credits, of financing purchases.

"Compared with the prices that have obtained for the past three or four seasons, present quotations seem very low, but it is doubtful if large stocks of cotton could be secured at prevailing prices, as an active buying movement would undoubtedly enhance values.

"It is argued that the Southern states have produced a cotton crop, which added to that grown in other countries, is under present conditions about 5,000,000 bales greater than is required for the world's needs, and the fear that this is true is causing much apprehension in the South. There have been predictions of general bankruptcy and ruin, and yet regardless of all the pessimistic talk and in spite of increasing receipts, the price has advanced during the last three weeks one and one-half to two cents per pound; and it is well worth while for cotton manufacturers to consider these facts, to analyze them carefully, and to anticipate the probable effects.

"The cause is not hard to find. For many years the South has been gaining in wealth and its farmers have been growing more independent, better methods of agriculture have been introduced, marked progress has been made in the diversification of crops, large plantations have been subdivided into small farms, and in many cases the tenant farmer has become his own landlord. There is in every normal year a certain proportion of the crop which comes in early and which seeks the market at any level that it can find, which is commonly called 'distressed cotton'. This is the cotton that is now being sold at seven and a half to eight cents, and it would be well for manufacturers to bear in mind that at these figures much cotton will be withheld from the market for months to come.

"It is true that there is a great amount of indebtedness which can be liquidated only by the sale of cotton, but in view of the increased cost of production in recent years, sales at present prices would be in many cases inadequate for the discharge of these obligations, so that even if the producer, being unable to sell his cotton for enough to pay his indebtedness, should turn it over to his creditor, many of these creditors would be in a position to hold, and much of the cotton will be withheld from the actual market.

Financing of Crop.

"The financing of the present crop began with its planting last March or April. It is the one crop in the South on which loans are always freely made until it is harvested, and investigations recently made by chambers of commerce in Southern states show that advances on cotton in different states, made from the time of the planting of the crop until it left the gins, range from $30 to $44 per bale. The last four crops, including seed, have brought the people of the Southern states a gross average of nearly one thousand million dollars per year, of which amount about one-half has come from domestic and Canadian mills, and the remainder represents the value of exports to foreign countries.

"By the sale of this crop the South has been enabled not only to discharge its obligations promptly every fall, but has added half a billion dollars each year to the national trade balance. Cotton production is stimulated by high prices, and conversely it is curtailed when prices fall below the cost of production. This has been particularly true in those years when prices were low throughout the season and continued low during planting time in the early spring. Never have the evils of over-production been so universally appreciated in the South as now, nor ever before has there been such grim determination to hold cotton and to radically curtail acreage. Public sentiment in many Southern states has been so aroused that there is now a general clamor for legislation by the states to regulate the production of cotton, and some farmers have gone so far as to demand that the planting of any cotton whatever in 1915 be prohibited.

"Of course, extreme action of this kind is not anticipated, but it is undoubtedly true that should prices considerably below the average cost of production, which is probably about 10 cents per pound, prevail for the next six months, cotton will be parted with only as necessity arises, and most serious curtailment in acreage for the next crop will be the inevitable sequence. Many of those who might be financially able to put their lands in cotton would be attracted by the high prices for grain and would plant food crops, while others less independent might be willing to continue in cotton but would find themselves unable to secure the necessary advances.

Diversification Needed.

"No well informed man on Southern conditions will deny that further diversification in Southern farming is desirable, and that more attention should be paid to cattle raising and to the production of foodstuffs. But it would be most unfortunate, if by any chance, the production of cotton next year should be so small as to make the trade dependent upon the present crop for the greater portion of its two years' supply. Cotton goods can compete with more expensive fabrics only up to a certain price level, and if a year hence the prevailing prices for raw cotton should be as abnormally high as they are now abnormally low, the manufacturers of cotton goods will have their present problems aggravated, and would be fatally handicapped in a movement for trade expansion at the very time when it is probable that conditions would be ripe for efforts in that direction."

Mr. Harding said that while the opportunity for expansion as an aftermath of the war was a potentiality, it did not yet exist to any appreciable degree. Mr. Harding announced that he expected to see the Federal Reserve Banks in operation during October.

In conclusion he said: "The tremendous waste incident to war will, of course, be felt all over the world, and the losses will inevitably ensue, but there is no reason, as far as this country is concerned, why these losses should not be so uniformly distributed, that they will not fall with crushing force upon any section, or upon any industry, and I firmly believe that American pluck and American energy are going to re-assert themselves and that American farmers, merchants, bankers and manufacturers will cooperate with their government, and with each other, in solving present problems and that they will put themselves in a position to grasp the opportunities that the future is bound to offer."

IN SUPREME COURT.

Five Out of 21 Appeals From Fifth District Argued Yesterday.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 29. — Five out of 21 appeals, constituting the calendar for the Fifth judicial district, were heard by the Supreme Court today with indications that a good part of the week will be required to clear the district calendar.

The first case argued was one in which Attorney General Bickett and Assistant Attorney General Calvert appeared against twelve counsel for the defendant, the case being State vs. James Pollard, from Pitt county, Pollard being under five years sentence for manslaughter in the killing of T. H. Smith, chief of police at Farmville. The counsel for the defense joining in the brief filed with the court in behalf of the prisoner are Harry Skinner, Jarvis & Wooten, Julius Moore, L. G. Cooper, F. G. James and Son, Moore & Long, and N. W. Outlaw. The defendant claims to have killed his victim in self defense. The killing was in Pollard's store, at night. There were 129 exceptions made during the progress of the trial below on which the appeal is based.

In State vs. Newsom there was an order made by the Supreme Court for the issuance of certiorari.

In Ashford vs. Schrader, from Craven, the argument was by R. A. Nunn for the plaintiff, and Hon. Chas. R. Thomas for the defendant.

In J. L. Roper Lumber Co. vs. McGowan, from Craven, the case for the plaintiff was presented by Moore & Dunn, and that for the defendant by Dortch & Barham and D. W. McIver.

In Tyson, administrator, vs. P. E. C. Railroad Co., from Green county, Y. V. Cooper and J. P. Frizzen appeared for the plaintiff, and Col. J. L. Bridgers for the defendant.

Tomorrow, Wednesday, is regular delivery day for opinions in pending appeals and the large number of appeals for the week yet to be argued will prevent the delivery of opinions being made until around 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

COLLIDES WITH STREET CAR.

Fire Chief Schnibben Answers Harry Call and Smashes Into Car.

Fire Chief Charles Schnibben ran into a trolley car at Front and Ann streets last night at 7:30 o'clock while on his way to a small fire at No. 209 South Front street. He was in his buggy and was going at a rapid gait. When he turned the corner he smashed into the car which fortunately was running slowly and little damage was done.

The firemen were promptly on the job and the fire, which started in the kitchen, presumably from sparks from the chimney, was quickly extinguished with little damage. The call came in from box 43.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. Geo. L. Morton, of Atlanta, Ga., Southern manager of the Galena Oil Company, left yesterday afternoon for his home after spending several days here making arrangements for the opening of a distributing plant for the company in Wilmington. Colonel Morton formerly resided in Wilmington and has been warmly greeted by his many friends in the city.

BRAVES HAVE THE EDGE IN SOME PARTICULARS

Foreknowledge Of Batting Proclivities.

Stallings' Tribe Has Reason To Be "On" to Athletics' Batting Habits To a Considerable Extent.

The novelty of a new set of pitchers will make the 1914 world series a great deal more interesting than would have been the case had the New York Giants captured the National flag. George Stallings' Big Three, which swept through the National League like a McCormick reaper during the closing months of the season, will find a very different bunch of batsmen in the Athletics.

A pitcher coming into a strange league is of little value until catcher has schooled him in the peculiarities and characteristics of the batters in that particular league. When a pitcher faces a batsman he has not seen before, the batsman has the advantage, all othe things being equal. Every player has a liking for some particular brand of delivery, and a pitcher not knowing this is likely to pitch one of his favorites and the batsman will hit it a mile, more or less.

Now, in the matter of having a foreknowledge of the opposing team's batting peculiarities, the Braves' pitchers have a decided advantage over the Athletic staff, due mainly to Jonny Evers, who played second base for the Cubs in the 1910 world series. From second base in that historic series he had a good view of the Athletics at bat, and had ample opportunity to observe what kind of balls the Mackmen could hit and what they couldn't hit, particularely what they could hit. Evers is known as a "wise" ball player, albeit a crab, and was coauthor with Hughie Fullerton in writing the former's well known work entitled "Touching Second."

Then, there's Fred Mitchell, their coach, who used to pitch for the Phillies and later on caught for Cleveland. As an American league catcher he studied the Athletics, and knows something about how batted balls look when travelling from Mackian lots toward the various fences that surround the ball park.

So with Evers, Mitchell and Deevore to advise them, it is not likely that Messrs. Rudolph, Tyler or James will be much at sea regarding the Athletic veterans. They will hardly "groove one" to Baker or try to fool Collins with a slow one, or commit other equally foolhardy and impossible tasks.

The Athletics' pitchers will not have this foreknowing advantage to the same extent mainly because the Braves are mostly young players who have not been in the league long enough to have their first name generally known to say nothing of getting into a world series. They are not greatly feared as a batting team among the National League, but against pitchers who don't know them they will do better.

So whatever advantage there is to pichers knowing batters, and there is considerable, will be with the Hub outfit. But it must be remembered that the world series is short—seven games at the most, barring tie scores. A lot of odd things some almost independant of more baseball mechanics, may happen to upset the "dope." The Athletics are adepts at these things, too but a team that cuts its way from 1st place to first in less than two months has some experience in pulling the unexpected.

ENTHUSIASTIC START MADE

First Day of Y. M. C. A. Contest Closes With Blues and Reds Running Neck and Neck.

The first day of the Y. M. C. A. membership campaign closed last night with the Reds and Blues neck and neck in the contest for points and today bids fair to be productive of large results in increasing the membership of the association. The members of the Boys' division started work Tuesday and have already piled up a goodly number of points for their respective sides.

Practically all the captains of the various teams have lined up their men and several hundred men are expected to meet tonight at 6:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. building for supper when reports will be made of the progress made. Luncheon was served yesterday at 1:15, this marking the formal beginning of the contest. Each man present promised to secure another member for his term.

Mr. W. A. McGirt, chairman of the membership committee, made a short address in which he urged each man present to put forth every effort possible during the coming week to increase the membership of the association and also to see every member of the association and secure his membership dues for the next six months or year as the case may be. Hard work is the secret of all success and with the proper amount of enthusiasm victory is sure, he declared.

General Secretary Huntington spoke briefly explaining the different features of the campaign and answering a number of questions relative to the way in which the contest is to be conducted. He called attention to the many opportunities that the association offers for service. He emphasized the importance of the educational work that the association is undertaking this year for the first time. The charge for membership in this department is only $4 a year with a small charge for tuition for each term.

He stated that he wished to correct one idea that has gained prevalence relative to the renewal of memberships. He said that this is misnomer as once a man becomes a member of the association he remains a member as long as he desires and is only required to pay his dues which have been put on a minimum basis.

The many fan friends of Anna Little will regret to learn that sickness has been responsible for her temporary absence on the screen. However, Anna is one of those who is foresighted enough to recover. She will be back again very soon.

PUBLIC HEALTH NEWS

Punch holes in the bottom of tin cans and prevent malaria! This is one one of several suggestions for the destruction of mosquito breeding places contained in an article on "Mosquitoes and Malaria," in the Weekly Public Health Service.

Mosquitoes are the only known agents in the transmission of malaria. The author of the article states that in a recent sanitary inspection of a certain section of North Carolina, mosquito larvae were found by the thousands in empty tin cans that had been thrown into boxes or on trash heaps, and in which rain water had collected. What a simple health measure it would have been for the person who opened and emptied the can to punch a hole or two in its bottom with the can opener, then and there.

But the larvae were also found in other places. Tin buckets that had contained paint, glass bottles, kegs, barrels, water-tight boxes, and in one case an old iron safe, door side up, all were furnishing their quota of mosquitoes to add to the prevailing sickness. In two small towns countless "wiggle-tails" were found in open boats that had been drawn up on shore and contained water from recent rains or small leaks. In another place a baby's bath tub, sitting partially filled with water, was breeding numerous mosquitoes. Several fire buckets and fire barrels in a lumber yard were hatching out thousands more.

There are other and large problems involved in the destruction of mosquitoes, such as the drainage of swamps and marshes, but the efficacy of these measures, which often are costly, is greatly reduced if persons continue to furnish breeding places for mosquitoes at the very doorways of their homes.

Cause and Prevention of Pellagra.

Because of the prevalence of pellagra throughout a considerable part of the United States, and the fact that this disease has so far baffled all attempts to ascertain its cause and means of spread, great importance is attached to an article in the Public Health Reports of September 11, 1914, which deals with investigations carried on by the Federal Public Health Service, relative to the causation and prevention of pellagra.

As a result of these investigations, the fact is statedsthat pellagra is neither contagious nor infectious, but dietary in origin.

In the course of the investigations made by officers of the Public Health Service some striking and suggestive observations were made on the effect of forced feeding on the course of pellagra. The patients under treatment received no medicines other than an occasional does of castor oil and an antiseptic mouth wash. The treatment employed was, with few exceptions, simply a generous diet and rest in bed. The improvement attributable to this generous diet manifested itself, on an average, about four weeks after it was instituted. As a rule the mental and nervous symptoms were the first to change; bowel conditions would, as a rule, improve within two weeks. The skin manifestations were the last to change, when once started, however, the cutaneous lesions would improve daily. During the period of improvement an increase in bodily weight occurred and the entire aspect of the patient changed for the better.

When we consider the seriousness of the pellagra situation in various sections of the country especialy in some of the Southern States, the work carried on by the Federal Public Health Service in solving the various problems connected with the causation and treatment of this disease will undoubtedly prove of inestimable benefit not only to the South but to the country at large wherever the disease prevails.

In the Health Reports issued September 4 by the United States Public Health Service, attention is called to the fact that one of the greatest social needs at the present time is competent health officers for cities, villages, and rural communities. During the last twenty or thirty years, much knowledge has been obtained as to how disease may be controlled and prevented. Much of this information, however, being comparatively new, has not become common knowledge. It will probably do so only when the principles of how to live to keep well and to avoid disease are taught in the schools, along with mathematics and grammar.

Trained health officers now know that many of the common diseases, such as tuberculosis, typhoid fever, diphtheria, smallpox, and measles, can be controlled and prevented. When any city or other community really desires that these diseases be prevented, they will be able to have it done, and can rid themselves of these enemies of man, which actually cost more in lives and money each year than would the waging of a war with a foreign enemy.

In order, however, that a city or other community may protect itself, it is necessary that it have a health department or health officer, and not only this, but that the health officer or the head of the health department shall know about health administration and the prevention of disease.

Unfortunately, there are at the present time comparatively few persons trained in public health administration and the prevention of disease as it relates to communities. For this reason it is impossible to find competent persons to fill the thousands of positions of local health officers. The great need at the present time, therefore, is not more knowledge of how to prevent disease, but more people familiar with the knowledge which has already been acquired by experts. The Federal Public Health Service suggests that State Departments of Health train the local health officers of their respective States by establishing correspondence course in health administration, and that examinations be held annually and certificates issued to those who have shown themselves proficient.

Such courses would be welcomed by health officers. Others also would be glad to take them, because of the useful information they would give and their educational value.

Hygiene of Rural Schools

In a short paper in the Weekly Public Health Reports of September 11, 1914, the need of proper medical and sanitary supervision of rural schools is emphasized. Despite the fact that the necessary requirements of school hygiene are known, rural communities have been slow to take advantage of this knowledge because the element of expense and the want of trained sanitary advisors. The lack of sanitary supervision in the construction and maintenance or rural school buildings and of medical supervision of the pupils was revealed during the recent investigations carried out by officers of the Public Health Service during which a total of $59 schools in 9 States were inspected by Service officers engaged in the work during the scholastic year.

In a number of rural communities it was found that the school attendance was small although the child population of these districts was relatively large. It is believed that due attention to the proper construction, equipment and maintenance of school buildings and the proper adjustment of the curriculum to the capacities of the child will largely prevent such absences from school and will reduce juvenile delinquincy. The neglect of sanitary supervision of schools in these communities results not only in injury to the child through inability to take advantage of the opportunity for intellectual training by reason of the presence of otherwise preventable and curable defects, but also in actual calculable monetary loss through loss of time in school ottendance.

The duty of the State with respect to safeguarding the physical and mental health of the school population is patent. The necessity of this protection to rural communities is great because, according to the 1910 Census, there are over 3,000,000 more children in attendance in rural schools than in urban. Furthermore medical inspections in this and other countries have revealed a high percentage of physical defects among children that are largely preventable and curable. There are numerous children in rural communities who are suffering from defects of this nature, by reason of the want of skilled medical advice.

In the course of these investigations one officer of the Public Health Service found more than 10 per cent of the pupils in 21 rural schools suffering from trachoma and more than 20 per cent in 11 schools. The neglect of sanitary precautions will favor the continued spread of this disease and the only hope for complete eradication lies in the aducation of the rising generation.

It is the exception to find sanitary privies provided for the use of rural school children. In a number of instances no privy accomodations were provided and soil pollution in the vicinity of the school house was evident. In one county, 11 cases of typhoid fever with two deaths were traced to the infected wells of two schools in the year preceding these investigations.

The paper concludes with the recommendation that wherever full-time health officers are not available because of lack of funds, the rational combination of the duties of health officer with that of the medical supervision of schools would make the employment of such an officer practicable and profitable.

WAKE FOREST FOOTBALL.

Game With Carolina at Durham, Oct. 8th—The College Publication.

Wake Forest, N. C., Sept. 28.—Manager A. L. Carlton announces a game of football with Carolina at Durham October 8th. This will be the second game for Wake Forest, but with the hard work the team has undergone since practice began September 1st, and the experience it ought to get in the game with A. & M. Saturday, she will put up a stiff fight. The men are showing up well at every place. Stallings and Abernethy are playing their same consistent game at centre; Parker and Olive, two new men are showing up well as guards; Moore, Capt. and Blackman are at their same old positions as tackles; Harris, an old man and Holding, Watkins, and Robertson new men are working hard for end positions; in the back field are Weatherington, quarter back for Davidson last year, Billings, Trust, Powell, Duffy, Lee all old men, and Rowe, a Virginia boy, and Riddick a new man, all of whom are playing good ball.

The students are having mass meetings on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays practicing the yells. Manager Carlton has already arranged for a special rate to the gme in Raleigh Saturday with A. & M. It is expeated that practically the entire student body will go with the team to cheer them on in their first game.

As published recently, the magazine gotten out by the literary societies of Wake Forest College—the Student, will contain another department this year beginning with the November issue. This department is to be known as the Society-Moot Court Y. M. C. A. department. Mr. A. C. Lovelace, Eu., of Rutherford country, will be the editor for the remainder of the present college year. The election of the assistant business manager has been changed so that he may have the experience of working with the manager a year previous to his election as manager. Mr. E. P. Whitley, of Wake county, was elected Saturday morning at the business meeting of the Euzelian society to that position. With this change and addition the efficiency of the publication should be materially increased.

It Always Helps

says Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky., in writing of her experience with Cardui, the woman's tonic. She says further: "Before I began to use Cardui, my back and head would hurt so bad, I thought the pain would kill me. I was hardly able to do any of my housework. After taking three bottles of Cardui, I began to feel like a new woman. I soon gained 35 pounds, and now, I do all my housework, as well as run a big water mill.

I wish every suffering woman would give

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

a trial. I still use Cardui when I feel a little bad, and it always does me good."

Headache, backache, side ache, nervousness, tired, worn-out feelings, etc., are sure signs of womanly trouble. Signs that you need Cardui, the woman's tonic. You cannot make a mistake in trying Cardui for your trouble. It has been helping weak, ailing women for more than fifty years.

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WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

NEW SEPTEMBER MULLETS

SEND ORDERS TO

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

311 N. Front St., WILMINGTON, N. C.

A Quinine That Won't Make You Nervous

FEBRILINE is a trade-mark name which designates the first, original and only reliable Tasteless Syrup of Quinine. An improved Quinine, pleasant to take; does not nauseate nor cause nervousness. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in the bottle. 25 cents.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

Williams M'f'g Co., Props., Cleveland, O. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

STOP SUFFERING NOW FROM ASTHMA

Go to the druggist listed below and buy a package of Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthmador today and if it does not give instant relief, and even more, if you do not find it to be the very best remedy you have ever used, go back and your money will be cheerfully returned by this druggist, without any question whatever. No matter what else has failed, Asthmador and Asthmador Cigarettes will give instant relief usually within 10 seconds, but always within 15 minutes. It does not matter how violent the attack or obstinate the case is, or what else had been tried and failed, Asthmador will relieve instantaneously. If it does not, this package will cost you nothing. Go back and get your money refunded. You are the sole judge as to whether benefited or not. You run no risk in buying this remedy under this positive guarantee.

Persons living elsewhere will be supplied under the same guarantee by their local druggist or direct by Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn. For sale here by

Woodall & Sheppard Drug Co.

Prescribed by doctors for the past 19 years

Resinol will stop that itch

THE moment that Resinol Ointment touches itching skin, the itching stops and healing begins. That is why doctors have prescribed it successfully for nineteen years in even the severest cases of eczema, tetter, ringworm, rashes and other tormenting, unsightly skin eruptions. Aided by warm baths with Resinol Soap, Resinol Ointment restores the skin or scalp to perfect health and comfort, quickly, easily and at little cost. Sold by all druggists.

Start your Savings account with the new interest quarter, October 1st and end at the American National Bank.—advertisement. 3t

We are a National Bank with a Savings Department. Members of the Federal Reserve System and National Currency Association of North Carolina. Deposit your savings with the American National Bank.—advertisement.

The Directors Of The Fidelity Have Something To Say

We, the undersigned Directors of the FIDELITY TRUST AND DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, have read the account of the indictment against C. E. Greenamyer, as published in the STAR over the signature of the TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY, and wish the people to know that Mr. Greenamyer made no attempt to conceal the matter from us, but in his early connection with our Company frankly informed us of the situation. We consider Mr. Greenamyer a capable business man, and guilty of no wrong in connection with the note transaction involved in the indictment, and respectfully ask the public to withhold judgment until they are in possession of all the facts.

C. C. CHADBOURN,
W. A. CANNON,
L. W. DAVIS,
J. J. HOPKINS,
J. H. HINTON,
D. N. CHADWICK, JR.,
J. P. COUNCIL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

NEW YORK COTTON GOSSIP

Members of Exchange Agree to Mark Down December Contracts to Nine Cent Level.

New York, Sept. 30.—It was reported here today that members of the New York Cotton Exchange had agreed to mark their December contracts down to the 9 cent level in keeping with the Liverpool agreement but to put up on margins below that figure. It was also understood that the conference committee was to negotiate further with Liverpool with reference to the reduction in the price of January-February to 5d., and that pending the results of these negotations there would be no further balloting for orders in local exchange.

The point in dispute appears to be whether further liquidation shall be at a difference of 100 points between markets, or at the agreed upon difference of 150 points. There was no change in crop news and large estimates of the yield were encouraged by a condition report of 76.5 against 83.7 last year.

PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling 8 1-16; receipts, 3,243; exports, 3,250; sales, 250; stock, 54,047.

Galveston—Middling, 8; receipts, 15,041; exports, 9,507; sales, 2,142; stock, 86,853.

Mobile—Middling, 7½; receipts, 673; stock, 10,116.

Savannah—Middling, 7½; receipts, 4,711; sales, 390; stock, 46,455.

Charleston—Middling, 7½; receipts, 1,740; stock, 15,516.

Wilmington—Receipts, 774; stock, 12,561.

Norfolk—7¾; receipts, 439; sales, 48; stock, 14,960.

Baltimore—Stock, 3,000.

Philadelphia—Stock, 2,575.

New York—Exports, 500; stock, 77,677.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 2,587; exports, 2,587; stock, 6,958.

Total today—Receipts, 29,213; exports, 14,344; stock, 344,325.

Total for week—Receipts, 105,666; exports, 47,817.

Total for season—Receipts, 383,867; exports, 121,350.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 7¾; receipts, 11,092; shipments, 8,684; sales, 1,150; stock, 57,451.

Memphis—Middling, 8; receipts, 4,461; shipments, 1,880; sales, 425; stock, 34,634.

Augusta—Middling, 7¾; receipts, 2,921; shipments, 1,022; sales, 1,027; stock, 40,206.

St. Louis—Middling, 8 ; receipts, 385; shipments, 422; stock, 12,471.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 25; shipments, 27; stock, 5,016.

Little Rock—Middling, 7¾; receipts, 481; shipments, 453; stock, 7,115.

Total today—Receipts, 19,375; shipments, 12,491; stock, 156,893.

PRODUCE AND COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, Sept. 30.—Cottonseed oil was higher on reports of European demand for nearby delivery, very light offerings generally and local professional support. There were tenders of 1,500 barrels on October contract. Sales, 8,100 barrels. The market closed steady. Spot, 5.57 to 5.70; October, 5.58 to 5.60; November, 5.75 to 5.76; December, 5.85 to 5.87; January, 5.96 to 5.98; February, 6.05 to 6.08; March, 6.16 to 6.18; April, 6.21 to 6.27; May, 6.27 to 6.31.

Sugar—Raw, firm. Molasses, 4.37; centrifugal, 5.02; refined, steady.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese—Irregular and unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New Orleans, Sept. 30.—Spot cotton, quiet. Sales on the spot, 250 bales, to arrive, none. Good ordinary, 6 9-16, nominal; strict good ordinary, 7 7-16; nominal; low middling, 7 9-16; strict low middling, 7 13-16; middling, 8 11-16; strict middling, 8 5-16; good middling, 8 11-16; strict good middling, 9 1-16, nominal. Receipts, 3,243; stock, 54,047.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Sept. 30.—Cotton, spot, in fair demand, unchanged to 25 points lower. Middling fair, 6.34; middling, 5.30; low middling, 5.07; good ordinary, 4.11; ordinary, 3.47.

Sales, 4,100 bales, including 2,200 American on the basis of 5.30d. for middling. Imports, 6,758 bales, including 511 American.

New Interest Quarter.

Starts October 1st and 2nd at the American National Bank.—advertisement. 3t

WHEAT STILL DECLINING

Big Receipts and Diminishing of Export Inquiry Give Prices Downward Slant.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Big receipts, and diminishing of export inquiry were factors in giving wheat a downward slant. Closing quotations were heavy, at ¾ to 2½ net decline.

Corn closed unchanged at 2½c. lower; oats finished ½c. off to ½c. up, and provisions varied from 30c. down to a rise of 25c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—Sept., 1.04; Dec., 1.08¼; May, 1.15.

Corn—Dec., 67¼; May, 70¾.

Oats—Dec., 48; May, 50⅞.

Pork—Sept., 17.20; Jan., 19.82.

Lard—Oct., 9.62; Jan., 10.10.

Ribs—Oct., 11.25; Jan., 10.47.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.04¾ to 1.05¼; No. 2, hard, 1.04¾ to 1.05¾.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 72¼ to 72¾.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Schr. Melbourne P. Smith, 529 tons, Erskine, New York, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Mariner (Br.), 1,555 ton., Morrison, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Alice L. Pendleton, 567 tons, Marshall, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Frank E. Swain, 348 tons, Haskall, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Melbourne P. Smith, 529 tons, Erskine, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 44.

ROSIN—Steady. Large, $3.20; small, $3.10.

TAR—Firm, $2.25 per barrel; per gallon, 10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Firm, $3.25 per barrel for soft; $3.25 per barrel for virgin; $2.25 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 37; rosin, firm, 3.45; tar, firm, 2.20-10; crude firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine 14
Rosin 17
Tar 60
Crude Turpentine 2

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 10 casks; rosin, 11 barrels; tar, 12 barrels; crude turpentine, 12 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, dull, 7¼; last year, 13¾.

Receipts, 774 bales; same day last year, 4,073 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 9,272 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 57,655 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 30.

Atlantic Coast Line—701 bales cotton; 3 barrels rosin; 18 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—73 bales cotton; 11 casks spirits turpentine; 3 barrels rosin; 12 barrels tar.

Str. Whitlock—3 casks spirits turpentine; 30 barrels tar.

Annie B—60 barrels rosin.

Schr. Nellie Bly—12 bbls. rosin.

Total Receipts—774 bales clotton; 14 casks spirits turpentine; 78 bbls. rosin; 60 bbls. tar; 2 bbls. crude turpentine.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 30.—Turpentine, nominal, 45½; no sales; receipts, 4,09; shipments, 271; stock, 27,815.

Rosin—Nominal; no sales. Receipts, 1,095; shipments, 1,021; stock, 113,854. Quote: A, B, 3.50; C, D, 3.52½; E, F, G, H, I, 3.55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.35.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Sept. 30.—Cotton goods and yarn markets, quiet. Lines of colored goods were firm. Worsted yarns for knitting purposes were lower. Burlaps were very low at Calcutta, but held steady here. Jobbers reported trade quiet.

MORE INQUIRIES FOR BONDS

Fact That Investment Conditions Are Improving is Demonstrated—Foreign Exchange.

New York, Sept. 30.—Foreign exchange continued to be the main feature of interest in the financial situation as evidenced by today's further abrupt decline in bills in London. Announcement that the projectors of the $100,000,000 gold pool contemplate an early shipment of gold to Ottawa and that large exports of cotton recently have been made, caused a relaxation of the high rates that prevailed early in the week. Investment conditions are showing improvement, this fact being demonstrated by a steady, moderate increase in the inquiry for bonds. A sidelight on the domestic monetary situation was afforded by the proposed sale of $40,000,000 of six month and one year 5 per cent. notes by the New York Central to a syndicate which is to take them on a seven per cent. basis.

There was no money market today. October interest and dividend payments for the railroads, industrial companies and various utilities $78,546,985 against $96,621,000 in the same quarter of last year. The reduction is largely the result of numerous reduced or suspended dividends brought about by the European war.

The United States Steel corporation now is booking export orders in much the same volume as before the war, but the outlook admittedly is discouraging.

Private advices that an agreement has been reached for the protection of the london stock exchange, preparatory to resumption of business was accepted as a natural corallary of the approaching termination of the British moratirium.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 25th.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 90c.@$1 per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7 to 8c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 22c, dull; sides and shoulders, 16c per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.

EGGS—Dull, 25c@26c. per doz.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Wednesday, by Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.75 to $6.25 per barrel.

Corn — Domestic, $1.05; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.

Meal—96 lbs., $2.05 to $2.15.

Oats—Mixed, 60c.; white, 65c. per bushel.

Middlings—$32.00 to $33.00.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.

D. S. Sides—14½ to 15½; Plates, 13c. to 13¼c.

Lard—8¾c. to 9c.

Coffee—9c. to 15c.

Rice—4½ to 6¼c. Fancy head rice, 6 to 6c. f. o. b. mill.

Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 6¼ to 6⅝.

Molasses—As it stands, 35c. to 40c. per gallon.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Sept. 28.—Spanish—Market, quiet. Spanish, 80c. per bushel for Farmers' stock.

Virginias—Market quiet. Jumbo, 4c. per lb. Fancy Hand Picked, 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb. Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Machine Picked, 3¼c. to 3⅜c. per lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Hogs — Weak. Bulk, 8.00 to 8.55; light, 8.45 to 8.95; mixed, 7.95 to 8.95; heavy, 7.65 to 8.75; rough, 7.65 to 7.80; pigs, 4.75 to 8.50.

Cattle—Lower. Beeves, 6.50 to 11.00. Steers, 6.15 to 9.00; stockers and feeders, 5.25 to 8.25; cows and heifers, 3.40 to 9.00; calves, 7.50 to 11.25.

Sheep—Easy. Sheep, 4.70 to 5.75; yearlings, 5.50 to 6.00; lambs, 6.00 to 7.65.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

October 1, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 60 degrees; at 8 P. M., 67 degrees; maximum, 72 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 5.39 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

The Port Calendar, Oct. 1, 1914.

Sun rises ... ...6:07 A. M.
Sun sets ... ...6:57 P. M.
Day's length ... ... .11 hrs. 50 min.

The Tides.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	7:32	8:06	2:31	2:53
Southport	5:58	6:17	12:05	11:53
Masonboro Inl	5:48	6:08	11:45	11:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

September 30, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	78	46	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	74	50	.0
Atlanta	cldy	68	58	.06
Augusta	cldy	76	60	.02
Birmingh.	cldy	64	56	1.90
Boston	cldy	58	46	.06
Charleston	cldy	74	66	.01
Charlotte	cldy	76	56	.0
Chicago	clear	64	62	.0
Galveston	cldy	74	68	.0
Jacksonv.	cldy	80	68	1.96
Memphis	cldy	74	62	.04
Mobile	cloudy	78	66	.38
Montgom'y	cldy	70	58	.12
New Orl.	cldy	70	64	.02
New York	clear	68	50	.0
Oklahoma	clear	80	54	.0
Palestine	pt cldy	76	58	.0
Pittsburg	clear	68	58	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	74	54	.0
Savannah	cldy	74	64	.12
Shreveport	rain	72	64	.01
St. Louis	clear	80	58	.0
Washing'n	clear	78	50	.0

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 80c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c.

Virginias — Weaker. Fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c. per bushel.

Spanish—Weaker, 75c. per bushel.

FINANCIAL QUOTATIONS.

New York, Sept. 30.—Mercantile paper, 7; sterling exchange, steady; for cables, 4.99; for demand, 4.98; exchanges, $271,421,245; balances, $37,251,606. Bar silver, 52⅝.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS
OF ALL STEEL CONSTRUCTION.
WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA.
Daily, via the
ATLANTI CCOAST LINE
The Standard Railroad of the South.
LV. WILMINGTON .. .. .. 3.45 P. M.
Ar. Florence .. .. 7.30 P. M.
Lv. Florence .. .. 7.55 P. M.
Ar. Sumter .. .. 9.20 P. M.
Ar. Augusta .. .. 1.40 A. M.
AR. ATLANTA .. .. 6.00 A. M.
Passengers may remain in sleepers, in Union Depot, until 6.00 A. M.
THROUGH COACHES
FROM FLORENCE.
For reservations, etc.,
PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Sept. 25th
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Oct. 2nd
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Sept. 28th
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Oct. 5th
Wilmington to New oYrk.
Steamship Navahoe, Saturday, Sept. 26
Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Oct. 3
Both Steamers Carry Passengers.
Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.
—from—
WILMINGTON
NEW YORK $29.00
ATLANTA, GA. $18.35
On sale October 3, 4 and 5, limited returning October 10.
WANSHINGTON, D. C. $15.00
On sale October 4, 5 and 6, limited returning October 10.
YOUKON, FLA. $21.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited returning October 31.
RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 20.
FORT WORTH, TEX. $53.35
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 26.
RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 17 to 24, inclusive, limited returning October 26.
RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 17, 18, 19, limited returning October 27th.
NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31
On sale October 24, 25 and 26, limited returning November 15.
ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale October 4, 5 and 6, limited returning October 17.
On sale October 12, 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 23.
SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10, limited returning November 20.
For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Special Rates in Effect Daily
Limited returning to October 31st.
WASHINGTON.. ... ...$16.00
BALTIMORE 18.00
PHILADELPHIA 22.80
NEW YORK $26.00
Summer Excursion fares are on sale to all Principal Mountain and Seashore Resorts.
RALEIGH, N. C. $5.55
On sale September 29-30, October 1-2; limited returning October 5th.
WASHINGTON, D. C. $15.75
DALLAS, TEX. $49.75
On sale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.
RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 10, 11, 12, limited returning October 20th.
ATLANTA, GA. $18.35
On sale October 3, 4 and 5, limited returning October 10.
ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale October 4, 5, 6, limited returning October 17th.
On sale October 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.
NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.
YOUKON, FLA. $21.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited returning October 31.
JACKSONVILLE, FLA. $7.50
TAMPA, FLA. $9.95
On sale September 22, limited returning September 29.
FORT WORTH, TEX. $51.35
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 26.
SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7 to 10, inclusive; limited returning November 20th.
For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.
H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. BANCK
CIVIL ENGINEER
Garrell Building
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 572 P. O. Box 579

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western
Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:00 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 am.	10:30 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited
W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 20, 1914.
Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ‡ 5:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91. x 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. * 8:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‡ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:00 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 57. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. ‡ 8:15 A.M.
No. 55. * 8:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:40 A.M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. x Daily except Monday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager,
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
Effective Sept. 8th.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
* 6:25 A.M.	*6:05 A.M.
6:55 "	7:10 "
* 7:25 "	7:40 "
* 8:00 "	* 8:15 "
8:30 "	* 8:45 "
10:00 "	9:15 "
	x 10:25 "
11:30 "	10:45 "
1:10 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
2:00 "	1:50 "
2:30 "	2:45 "
3:00 "	3:15 "
3:30 "	3:45 "
4:00 "	4:15 "
4:30 "	4:45 "
5:00 "	5:15 "
5:30 "	5:45 "
6:10 "	6:25 "
6:40 "	6:55 "
7:10 "	7:25 "
8:30 "	7:50 "
‡ x 9:15 "	9:15 "
10:00 "	‡ x 9:45 "
11:15 "	10:45 "
12:00 Midnight.	12:00 Midnight

* Daily, except Sunday.
x Sundays only.
‡ To Wrightsville only.
‡ Leave Wrightsville.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

Freight Office open from 8:00 A. M. ‡ 9:30 A. M. and 2:00 P. M. to 3:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.

Freight Office open Sunday from 10:00 to 11:00 A. M.

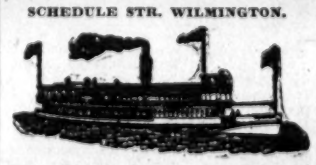
New Sleeping Car Line
Between
WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA
(Daily)
—via—
THE SHORTEST ROUTE
SEABOARR AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South
Effective September 9th, 1914.
Lv. WILMINGTON .. ..3:00 P. M.
Ar. ATLANTA .. ..6:20 A. M.
Lv. ATLANTA .. ..9:55 P. M.
Ar. WILMINGTON .. ..11:59 A. M.
For information or reservations, call 'Phone 178.
E. E. HUNTER, D. F. A., Orton Hotel.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
Raleigh, N. C.

New Interest Quarter.

Starts October 1st and 2nd at the American National Bank. 3t

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.
LOW ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS NOW ON SALE TO
"Land of the Sky"
Asheville, Waynesville, Toxaway, Hendersonville, Brevard, Hot Springs.
And All Other Western North Carolina Points.
Spend your vacation in the Cool Mountains of Western North Carolina. Week-end and Sunday Excursion round trip tickets on sale to Morehead City, Beaufort, Wrightsville, Wilmington, and various other Summer Resorts.
For illustrated booklets, complete detailed information, ask your agent, or communicate with
O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

SCHEDULE STR. WILMINGTON.



Will leave Daily for Southport and Fort Caswell, at 9:30 A. M.
Will leave Southport at 2:30 P. M., arriving at 5:00 P. M.
J. B. FOX.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."
EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 9, 1914.
Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:
No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations, Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville and all points North and South, at Hamlet. Through Pullman sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta.
No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.
For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.
E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Wilmington, N. C. Raleigh, N. C.

GEOLOGICAL EXHIBITS AT THE STATE FAIR

Dr. Pratt Goes to Raleigh to Install It.

Southern Railway Asks for Conference With Corporation Commission on Conditions—Meeting of Superintendents.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 30.—Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State geologist, has arrived from Chapel Hill to spend some time giving special attention to the marshaling of material for an extensive exhibit that the State Board of Geological Survey will install at the approaching State fair and then turn over to the State through the State museum to be used in future for exhibits as desired.

Besides complete representations of ores, minerals, building stone, mica and other resources there will be representations of proper drainage and general uses of tile now so largely manufactured in this State. The department has more than twice the space allotted to it this time by the fair management as last year and will install an especially complete and attractive exhibit.

The Corporation Commission will Friday fix a date on which the full commission can give a hearing to officials of the Southern Railway Co., relative to the necessity the company claims has arisen through European war conditions and consequent business depression and financial stringency for plans for extensive improvements on lines and accommodations of the system in this State. The plan is for E. L. Jeffries, general attorney for the Southern, and special representative of President Fairfax Harrison, to appear before the commission on whatever date the commission names Friday and submit a detailed statement of the conditions confronting the Southern and designed to show the necessity for the commission to grant the Southern relief from the necessity of providing extensive improvements scheduled for the present and until conditions improve. Southern officials say that there have been marked decreases in both freight and passenger receipts for several weeks now without any decrease in the general operating expenses.

A charter was issued today for the Valle Crucis Co., (Inc.) of Valle Crucis, capital $10,000 authorized and $5,000 subscribed by C. D. Taylor, W. J. Wagner, H. B. Penny and others.

Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State superintendent of public instruction, and N. C. Newbold and L. C. Brogden, of the department, have gone to Newbern to attend the annual session of the Southeastern division of the State Association of County Superintendents of Public Schools. The association will be in session Thursday and Friday, there being 20 counties practically every one of which Dr. Joyner says will be represented by the county superintendent. Dr. Joyner says these district conferences of the county superintendents are more than meeting his most sanguine expectations when he launched the movement and that their efficiency and benefit to the advancement of public schools is constantly increasing.

CHEERING COTTON NEWS FROM FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

By Monday All Mills Will be Running on Full Time Schedule.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 30.—The most cheering news in connection with the coton situation in this section that has yet come to hand is the announcement that the Hold-Morgan cotton mill here is now running on full time and that the Tolar-Hart mill will be placed on a full time schedule next Monday. This latter action will put all the Fayettevile mills on a full time basis, as the Holt-Williamson mill is so running now and the large Victory mills have been spinning cotton to their capacity all this year, and, according to a statement by Superintendent D. H. Jones, are shipping the goods as fast as they can be turned out.

For the past several weeks the Holt-Morgan factory, has been operating only three days a week, while the Tolar-Hart mill is running four days and will continue on this basis until the change is made Monday to full time.

The Victory, Holt-Williamson, and Tolar-Hart mills have a combined annual capacity of 8,520 bales of cotton. The capacity of the Holt-Morgan mills could not be learned.

The Hawthorne silk mills are also working on full time. It was said at the office of the company that the European situation had not yet affected their mills here, which give employment to about 500 people. The two mills here are owned by Dwight Asheley, Jr., of Paterson, N. J., where the laborers employed in the numerous silk mills are almost excelusively foreign born. The wisdom of employing native labor is mere shown in a strong light. The two mills here work negro laborers and are as yet unaffected by war in Europe. Even in times of peace a good part of the raw material used in making the silk yarns turned out by these mills is obtained from Japan.

The Cape Fear Cotton Mill is another of the Fayetteville fectories that has been running on full time the whole season. This mill has been spiuning cotton steadily the whole year, the only occasions when its hands have not been at work being Sundays and holidays, the latter including two weeks vatcation given the employes during the summer. The Cape Fear mill consumes about 1800 bales of raw cotton in a year. Adding this to the capacity of the other mills, it is evident that the aggregate consumption of the Fayetteville mills is 12,000 or 13,000 bales.

CASH PRIZES OFFERED DRY GOODS MERCHANTS

Washington, Sept. 30.—Miss Lucy Burleson, daughter of the Postmaster General, today offered prizes of $20, $10 and $5 in gold for photographs of the best and most artistic display of cotton goods made by merchants at special goods sales during October.

The contest will be under the supervision of the National Cotton Fashions Show to be held here.

N. C. CONGRESSMEN CONVINCE WILSON

They Only Have Led Him to Change His Position

KITCHIN, WEBB, PAGE

Seventh District Representative Shows the President That It Would be Unwise to Pass Ship Purchase Bill Now.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 30.—Only three times in his nearly two years occupancy of the White House has President Wilson changed his mind with reference to legislation which he had decided to put through Congress. Each time it was a North Carolina member of Congress who convinced the President of the error of his ways.

The first instance recalled here was the labor section of the trust bill in which labor leaders desired to be exempt from the provisions of the trust measure. The President stated positively that he would not consent to a change, Claude Kitchin, however, drew an amendment to the bill, carried it to the White House and asked the President to read it and then submit it to the then Attorney General McReynolds and if passed by him to consider it. It is stated by those close to Mr. Wilson that he told Mr. Kitchin that he had made up his mind as to the matter and that there was no use for further argument.

Kitchin explained that he had made a careful study of the subject and that he was convinced the President would see it his way if he would only let him explain his point. The President listened and when Kitchin left the White House the President had put his O. K. to the North Carolina man's plan.

The next time that a North Carolinian convinced the Chief Executive that there were brains as well as politicians in North Carolina was when the President decided that there was no use in including a provision in the Clayton-Webb trust bill prohibiting interlocking directorates of banks and also that there was no need of sections 2 and 4. Chairman Webb did not agree with him. The President sent for Webb and argued the subjects for an hour and 24 minutes. When Webb left the Executive's office the man who has ruled Congress, probably gently but firmly, had again changed his mind and decided that Webb was right.

Last but not least, Representative Page convinced the President that his idea of the government buying ships for merchandise was not expedient at this time. Page talked to the President for an hour and a half. When he left the White House, Mr. Page was not sure what the President would do, but it develops now that it was Page who pointed out to the President that it was not the part of wisdom to pass a bill of that character at this time and it will not be passed. The ship purchase bill has been a hobby of Mr. Wilson's for 20 years.

It was Page also who prevented the passage by the House of the war tax measure carrying a provision for the taxing of freight. The Seventh district congressman took the position that it was unjust to the poor people and he won in a walk.

Politicians now admit had the President insisted upon this method of raising a war revenue that it would have cost the Democrats the control of the House at the November elections.

Page, Webb and Kitchin are men who have to be reckoned with in this administration. They are conservative on all matters, but when they take a stand for or against any measure, other Democratic leaders know they have a fight on hand.

M. F. H. Gouverneur, the personal friend of Secretary McAdoo, was selected a class "C" director of the Richmond District Federal Reserve Bank. It is a high compliment to the young Wilmington business man. Gouverneur was a strong Wilson supporter and an active candidate for the collector of customs at Wilmington. McAdoo told Senator Simmons and others that he would like to give the place to Gouverneur but the senator was insistent and the Secretary finally gave in.

P. R. A.

WHAT TOWN WANTS THE STATE SCHOOL FOR BLIND?

Bids of Sites and Other Inducements Now in Order.

(Sepcial Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 30.—The Legislative committee on the question of new buildings and grounds for the State School for the Blind, now located at Raleigh, at a meeting this evening decided to advertise in the State papers at once for bids from North Carolina towns desiring to offer inducements in the way of donations of sites and funds for the location of the school.

Senator E. B. Jones, of Winston-Salem, is the chairman and Representative R. E. Austin, of Stanly county, the secretary, who is under instructions to advertise for the bids. Other members of the legislative committee are Senator T. T. Thorne, Rock Mount, and Representative G. C. Pickard, of Orange county.

The bids from towns desiring to complete for the location of the school are to be in the hands of Secretary Austin in time for a meeting of the committee to be called for some time in November at the discretion of Chairman Jones.

WAKE FOREST NOTES.

Seniors Will Buy Bale of Cotton—Other News Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Sept. 30.—The Senior class of Wake Forest college today mainfested its interest in the general situation caused by the present European war by voting to buy a bale of cotton. This bale of cotton will be retained by the class until next Spring, when it will be used in whatever manner they deem best then.

Mr. Gordon Peteat, who is here in the interest of the Student Volunteer movement, will speak to the general public tonight, but his line of thought wil be directed toward the volunteer work.

The Y. M. C. A. meeting last night was conducted by Dr. N. Y. Gulley, dean of the Law Department. He gave a very interesting discussion of the "Work of the Minister of Today."

PROHIBITION IN RUSSIA TO CONTINUE AFTER WAR

Because Trial Has Made Such Tremendous Difference in Conditions.

Petrograd, via London, Sept. 30.—An order was issued today that the prohibition of the sale of vodka shall be continued indefinitely after the war. This order is based on the tremendously improved condition of the country since the Emperor issued the edict prohibiting the tariffic in this liquor.

Travelers from Southern Russia say there is such a change in that section that the country is hardly recognizable. The towns have become more orderly and the peasants indulge in wholesome amusements. These people now save a good portion of their earnings which formerly was spent for drink, and they have increased their earning capacity through sobriety.

A change in the large cities also in noticeable. Liquor is still sold in first class cafes but these are practically empty. The Nevsky Prospect, once famous for its galy midnight lige, is now quiet without a sign of revelry.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—POSITION BY A SEAMStress and position by a respectable colored as butler, waiter or janitor, Apply 612 Ann street. oc 1-1t*

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board. Rates reasonable. Apply 118 Chesnut street. Phone 11-26-W. oc 1-7t*

CO-OPERATION IN REDUCING COST —each one paying a little, gives a lower price and better service. In the splendid Carolina Apartment house, the cost of a home with the comforts of heat, artesian water, elevator service, etc., is the very lowest that can be secured in Wilmington. There is a two-room and bath and three larger apartments now for rent. Price is from $15.00 per month up. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. oc 1-3t

FOR RENT—311 1-2 RED CROSS street. 7 room, modern. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. oc 1-tf

REWARD—STOLEN FROM NEAR Mc Coll, S. C., last Saturday night, two mare mules about seven years old. Weigh about 1,000 pounds each. One a dark bay and other black. The black mule goes with head down unless checked up. Splendid mules and in good condition. Will pay liberal reward for recovery. D. L. McLaurin, McColl, S. C. oc 1-4t

BUSINESS MEN—LET OUR OFFICE be a medium through which you secure your stenographers. No charge; no obligation. Remington Typewriter Co., Phone 878. oc 1-1t

UPHOLSTERING OF ALL KINDS. Reliable, neat work and prompt delivery. Don't wait for the rush and be disappointed. Phone 633-W at once. Creteau's, 224 South Front street. oc 1-6t*

EXTRA NICE NORFOLK OYSTERS. Home-made pork sausage. Country pig pork. All kinds of choice beef, veal and lamb. Fancy celery and lettuce. Clean market. Quick delivery. Good things to eat. Palace Market, 108 South Front street. Phone 72. oc 1-tf

MAKE SURE OF YOUR SUCCESS BY intrusting your Business Education to the Southern Shorthand and Business University, an institution that has an established reputation and has been a known factor in the commercial life of the South for the past sixteen years. Enroll with us now, and let us prepare you for a good position. Day and Night School. Rates reasonable; you may pay a small amount each months, if you like, or will allow discount for cash. If you prefer talking the matter over with us, at your home, just let us have your name and address, and a representative will call and explain our methods of teaching, rates, etc. Southern Shorthand and Business University, 2nd floor, 217 and 219 North Front street. oc1-1t*

FOR RENT—ROOMS FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with or without board. 120 North Front street. oc1-1t*

BOARDERS — A FEW REGULAR AND table boarders can get accommodations with good board and rooms. All conveniences. Apply at 322 North Third street. oc1 1t*

WANTED — COMPETENT NURSE, good wages to capable person. Apply J. J. Hopkins, Son & Co., Front Street Market. oc1-tf

NORFOLK OYSTERS—FINEST NORfolk oysters received fresh daily. 'Phone your orders to the white market. J. J. Hopkins, Son & Co. 'Phones 230, 231 and 232. oc1-4t

FOR SALE—ONE GOOD MULE, REAson for selling, too light for heavy wagon. Price $150. Faris Bakery. Phone 626. seshr Phone 626. oc1-3t

WANTED AT ONCE—FOUR UNFURNished rooms for light housekeeping, first floor preferred. Address 'Apartment" care Star. oc1-1t*

FOR RENT—ONE OR TWO NEATLY furnished rooms, all modern conveniences. Hot and cold bath, use of phone. Apply 414 Chestnut street. Phone 1035-W. oc1-1t*

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS WITH THE privilege of kitchen in a fine locality on car line. Rent cheap. Address "Locality" care Star, giving name. oc1-1t*

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms. Also two furnished rooms for housekeeping. Electric lights, gas and bath. $2.50 per week including lights. Apply 425 S. Third street. oc 1-1t*

MILK—WILL FURNISH A FEW FAMilies one or more quarts per day at 12 1-2 cents per quart if located on my routes. Phone 7806-W. Edward C. Craft. oc 1-7t

WANTED — SCHOOL TEACHER FOR principalship of Brunswick county school. Will pay $42.00 per month. Lockwood's Folly Township, No. 7, white school. Address Jesse D. Robinson, R. F. D. 1, Supply, N. C. se30-2t*

FROST PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS — Ready for immediate shipment, $1.25 per 1,000; 5,000 and over, $1 per thousand. D. C. Proctor, Pembroke, N. C. se30-4t*

DO YOU NEED A GOOD, ALL-ROUND man? Will some responsible gentleman or lady give me a chance to demonstrate my ability, and willingness to satisfy? Any honorable position, large or small, with a living tied to it, will be acceptable. I am a native white man, with a family. Best of references. Address N. C. Hustler, care Star. se30-2t*

AUTO REPAIRS AT MOST REASONable rates. We have secured the services of Mr. J. E. Platt, as manager of our Repair Department, temporarily located at Eighth and Princess. All work guaranteed. Try Platt and get the Best. Moon Motor Sales Company; 'Phone connection. se13-su,tu,th,sa-tf

LOOK—WE WILL TEACH YOU THE barber trade for $30. Terms, $15 down, $15 in ten days; tools free. You make money while learning. Guarantee you position, in feew weeks. Write us otday. Jacksonville Barber College, 822 W. Bay St., Jacksonville, Fla. se27,su,t,th,sa-10t*

"B. & L."—ONLY TWO LETTRAS BUT they have spelled "Home," "Income," "Financial Independence" for hundreds. We start new series Saturday, October 3rd. Progressive Building and Loan Association. J. M. Solky, President; N. F. King, Jr., Sec-Treas. Office 215 Princess street. se20-22-24-26-27-29, oc-1-3-4-9t

YOUNG LADY, EXPERT STENOgrapher, with varied wholesale and manufacturing experience, wishes to change position. Best of references. Application filed with Remington Typewriter Co., Telephone 878. se30-3t

FOR SALE — REFRIGERATOR IN first class condition, for store use. Capacity of ice, 1,000 pounds. Will sell at a bargain. May Bros., 130 Market street. se30-3t

FRESH EGGS CAN BE HAD DAILY at small cost, by feeding the egg mash sold at the Grain Store on Market street. Jno. S. McEachern Sons, 'Phone 92. se30-2t

FOR RENT—314 NORTH FIFTH, SIX rooms and bath, $25. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se29-tf

WE HAVE 20 OUNCE APPLES, HUBbardson, etc Bananas, oranges, malage grapes, peas, lemons, onions, turnips, potatoes, cabbage, etc. Forward all orders to Wilmington Fruit Exchange, Inc., Wilmington, N. C. Phone 980. se29-6t

EGGS—YOU CAN GET TWELVE PERfect eggs for a dozen by ordering Ridgefield Brand in cartons. Butter —Use "Catawba Gem" Creamery butter. Made in North Carolina. Put up in sanitary package containing one pound. Independant Ice Co., Distributors. se29-tf

FOR RENT—THE WAREHOUSE ON Walnut street now occupied by the Standard Supply Co., $40 per month. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. se29-5t

IF YOU HAVE A HOUSE FOR RENT see me. My list is about exhausted. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent. se29-5t

MISS LINA DE ROSSET, GRADUATE Peabody Conservatory of Music, Baltimore, has opened a studio at 312 Ann street, giving instruction in Piano, Theory, Solfeggio, Piano sightreading, etc. 'Phone 1244-J. se28-6t*

COLONIAL INN HOTEL, AMERICAN plan, $1.50 to $2.50 per day. European, rooms 50 cents to $1 per day; private bath, $1.50; special rates to regular and table boarders. Mrs. Elizabeth McIntosh. se27-7t*

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms, close to business center, but in private residence; newly papered and painted; electric lights and bath connection. Address "B. A. C.," care Star. se23-tf

RUGS AND ART SQUARES MADE from old discarded carpets. All rugs reversible. Will be in the city for a short while only. Phone 1590-W. S. A. Evans. se 25-7t*

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 643, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-tf

FOR RENT — LOWER FLAT IN NEW house, 310 Church street, 7 rooms and bath. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se23-tf

BLANKETS; BLANKETS.—WE HAVE installed the Cohen system for cleaning blankets. All blankets cleaned by this system are handled with full understanding that you are to be satisfied, or no pay. We are the only ones in the city with the Cohen system. Let us have your blankets now. Price 75 cents. City Laundry Co.; 'Phone 249. se24-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

FOR RENT — SUNSET PARK — NEW 10 room house. Block from car line. Every city convenience. Apply Fidelity, 14 Princess street; 'Phone 312. se16-tf

FOR RENT—COUPLE OF NICELY furnished rooms. Modern conveniences. One block from postoffice. Phone 773, 216 N. Second street. au30-tf.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

ONE GOOD ALL-AROUND HORSE FOR sale. City Laundry Co. se18-tf

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS ON MARket street (119) four rooms and bath, newly papered and painted. $25 for lower floor and $20 for two upper floors. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 25-tf

FOR RENT — 14 SO. 9TH, 7 ROOMS and bath, electric lights, $22.50 421 So. Fourth, 9 rooms, water and sewerage, $20; wood yard, corner Eighth and Brunswick, $5; see M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se23-tf

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Mafflitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Mafflitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, by resolution duly adopted on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1914, and amended August 22nd, called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1914, a Special Election for the purpose of authorizing or approving the ordinance passed by the said City Council on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1914, granting to the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company a franchise, permission and authority to construct, maintain and operate a Street Railway with single or double tracks, turn-outs, curves, switches, spur tracks, receipt and delivery tracks, etc., for the transportation and carriage of passengers and freight, upon, along, over, under and across the streets named in said Ordinance, and to construct, erect and maintain poles and wires, underground conduits and other structures necessary for the conduct of electric current and power for the use of said cars upon such tracks.

The streets or portions of the streets over which the said franchise is asked are fully set forth and described in the Ordinance passed by the said Council which will be published as required by law in full once in each of the daily newspapers published in the City of Wilmington not more than twenty days and not less than five days before the day of said election, by the City Clerk and Treasurer of the said City.

Said election will be held in the City of Wilmington on Wednesday, the seventh day of October, A. D. 1914, and the following named polling places, Registrars and Judges of Election have been named and designated for the holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place—Kerr's store; Registrar, Willie Kerr; Judges, L. F. Harper and J. B. Elkin.

First Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. Fourth and Campbell streets; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, J. W. Blomme and J. G. Ittner.

Second Ward; Polling Place—Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, C. W. Lassiter and Frank Shepard.

Third Ward; Polling Place—Cor. 8th and Princess streets; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, Walter Penny and S. E. Wood.

Fourth Ward: Polling Place—No. 110 Dock street; Registrar, W. A. Spooner; Judges, F. W. Peiffer and Jos. A. Price.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. 5th and Castle streets; Registrar, R. Henry Orrell; Judges, E. Childs and Wallace Sellers.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place—5th and Castle streets; Registrar, J. H. Taylor, Jr.; Judges, W. H. Biddle and T. G. Landen.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sun set of said day.

Each Registrar will, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M., each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for closing the registration books, keep open the registration books for the registration of any new electors residing in the precinct entitled to register, or whose names do not appear on the revised list and said books will be open until 9 o'clock P. M., on each Saturday during the registration period and shall close for registration on the second Saturday before said election. No registration will be allowed on election day, except to such persons as shall give satisfatcory evidence to the registrar and judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts; also for the inspection of the electors of the precinct and to enable challenges to be made on the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is elected to notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The Council has appointed the Registrars and Judges of said election and caused them to be notified of their appointment and required them to take the oath required by law, and named polling places and arranged them, and will cause to be furnished the necessary books and arrange for the ballots, and will fill all vacancies occurring in Registrars and Judges as required of them, and will receive the returns from said election, as required by law, and will endeavor to have the election conducted in strict conformity with the law, and will endeavor to see to it that the election officers perform their duties in all matters.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote in favor of said ordinance, the said ordinance passed by the Council shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of the city of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.
se4-30d.

CASH ON Cotton

We are Prepared to Advance 7 Cents Per Pound on Middling and Better Cotton, stored with us.

Cooper Compress and Warehouse Company
Wilmington, N. C.

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'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 494.

MEMBERS
Federal Reserve System of United States and National Currency Association of North Carolina.

October 1st, Thursday, October 1st
Our Regular Interest Quarter

Interest paid from Oct. 1st on all deposits made in our Savings Department on or before October 2nd.

Star a Savings Account with the beginning of our new quarter, or add to the account that you now have.

The American National Bank
The National Bank with a Savings Department.
Members Federal Reserve System of United States and National Currency Association of North Carolina.

PLAIN TALK No. 2

You carry insurance on your life and on your property. What insurance have you on your business records? Safes are ineffectual; antiquated. They take up valuable space and consume time in operation. Many of them are not fireproof and half a burglar can open them. What you need is protection BUILT IN the building where your offices are located. Protection against fire is BUILT IN the new Murchison Bank Building. Every tenant of this building has burglary protection identical to the biggest banks in the country. A watchman clock system is operated which compels the watchman to pass each office at scheduled intervals. This is real protection. Your records are SAFE from fire and burglars. Fireproof building. Individual office watchman service. These are only two reasons why your business should be located in the new Murchison Building. Every possible advantage for $12.00 a month and up. Ask the Renting Agent.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

OFFICES FOR RENT

Desirable offices for rent in our building; possession to be had October 1st.

WE pay 4 per cent. compound interest every three months on savings accounts
We act as Trustee, Guardian, Executor, Administrator and Fiscal Agent.

MILTON CALDER, President.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

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WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE AND CAN FILL YOUR ORDERS PROMPTLY.
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ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.
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Office Phone 1336-W; Residence Phone 808
107 North Third Street.

And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

ON THE WAY

and you'll be glad to hurry, if your teeth have been paining you. They may need attention, if they don't hurt just now, so you'd better have us exam ine them. You can't find a better place.

REST ASSURED

that our work in every detail and the price will be perfectly satisfactory. Our dental work looks well and wears well, too.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.
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